The Centre Reporter.

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CENTRE COUNTY IN THE CIVIL WAR.

148th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers.

By T. P. Meyer, Sergeant Co. A., 148th Regiment, P. V.

[To be Continued.]

CHAPTER IV.

"CARRY ME BACK TO OLE VIRGINNY."

H. A. SURFACE.

As it was, he left a few guns, many small arms, and a great number of stragglers and deserters, all of whom became our prisoners. Here the Gettysburg campaign ended. The retreat and escape of Lee was one of the most skillful feats of the war. He slipped away from the Union Army, reached the Potomac, seventy miles away, without material loss, and, in the few days that he was at the river, he had thoroughly fortified himself; had gathered flatboats, captured pontoons, and built bridges across the Potomac river at Williamsport and Falling Waters, over which he made his escape with his army into Virginia, on the night of July 13th; then destroyed his bridges, and in safety rested his army.

The Potomac, a large river at all times, on account of much rain, was high and rapid; but many of the Confederates, thinking it was fordable, plunged into the stream, were carried away and drowned.

Some four hundred were said to have been drowned during the crossing, on that dreadfully dark and rainy night. For several weeks thereafter, the bodies of those unfortunates were seen floating down the river, or lodged along its banks. During the campaign and battle of Gettysburg, the losses in the two armies were about equal, and amounted to over fifty thousand in the aggregate.

All day of the 14th the main body of our army was in bivouac along the Potomac, between Williamsport and Falling Waters. With considerable interest we watched the hills and forests, that hid the Confederate army on the Virginia side. But all was peace and quiet all day, during which sunshine and showers alternated.

On the Virginia side there was no sign of life, excepting a few "Johnnie" pickets, among the bushes along the shore, steadfastly watching our side.

The campaign rush was over. On the 15th we marched in a leisurely, meandering way, twenty miles, and camped near Harper's Ferry. During the forenoon of July 16th we marched by Sandy Hook, to the vicinity of Knoxville, Md., eight miles, and went into regular camp, for rest and a general refitting, both of which were badly needed.

I was still weak from my recent illness, and over exertion immediately after, played me out. I could not eat "army grub," but I felt hollow and hungry. Toward evening we marched through an orchard, and I picked a lot of green, hard apples, and ate them as we marched; they tasted good.

The soldiers were generally greatly fatigued, many totally played out, by the hard and continuous service of that five weeks. Therefore, "stimulation" was ordered by the "management," and whiskey rations were issued.

"THEY LINED UP FOR STIMULATION."

We turned out, and with cups marched over to where the "barrel" was located, and the roll was called. As a name was called, the man would hold out his cup and get his gill of whiskey. Some answered, I don't want it. Then I would sing out, I'll take that, and the Quarter Master poured it into my cup. This I kept up till my own name was called, and again I held out my cup. I then had the whiskey of four men. All "served we returned to our quarters. I said, boys, I have been sick for ten days, and I am sick now. I can't eat our grub. I have just finished a quart of green apples, and now, I think I need a little "stimulation." I will drink this whiskey, and then I will lie down in my tent, and wait there to see whether it will kill or cure me. The boys laughed, but none said yes or no to me.

I took the whole dose, and crept into my tent and lay down to await results. This was toward evening, the sun a few hours high; I soon fell asleep and had a good nap. I awoke; was alone in the tent; the sun was just as high, but on the other side of camp; that is, it was "next morning" about eight o'clock.

I "turned out"; a beautiful morning. The boys asked: Do you feel better? I said, I am well! fully recovered. I never felt better. Give me some crackers and pork, that I may satisfy my hunger, I am all right now. I soon put away a big breakfast of pork, crackers and coffee. I was once more strong, and able and ready for any service. I was not sick again to the end of the war, and never was to the hospital during my whole service.

In this war it was a "long time between drinks." I can recall only three "whiskey rations" in all the time of our service. But to the ingenious soldier, there was always a way of getting a canteen full of "commissary" when we wanted it. We would write an order on the Q. M. something like this: "To the Q. M. 148th P. V.

Send me per bearer, for my own use, one canteen of whiskey.

Then we would sign ——— Lt. Co. —— On these orders the "Lieut." always went "dry." When we wanted a drink of brandy, we bought a can of "spiced pears" from our sutler. This meant a pint tin can, labeled "pears," filled with light brandy, and a small pear or two, thrown in.

But, it was extremely seldom that we wanted strong drink; and drink to excess, was extremely rare in the 148th and I am not afraid to assert, that it was one of the most sober regiments in the service. As to thievery, well, admitted—"charge sustained."

We remained in camp near Knoxville, Md. July 17th, during which the torn shoes and ragged uniforms of the men were replaced with new, and the boys were once more well dressed, and ready for business.

Toward evening we saw some animals in the brush, down near the river, and George M. Rupp went to see whether they were anything good to eat. He was a good forager, and soon returned with a good sized sheep; so he, Jesse Long, William Meyer and I dressed it. We were hungry for mutton. It was getting dark when we commenced to fry and eat mutton and crackers. We continued to fry and eat and tell yarns, till one o'clock in the morning, when we had finished the sheep, and were fully satisfied. We rubbed our pans and tin plates clean with newspapers, as usual, and soon snored with the rest.

Early in the morning of July 18th, we left Knoxville, marched back to Harpers Ferry, and once more crossed the Potomac, on pontoon bridges, into Virginia, eight miles, and camped four miles from the "Ferry." Early in the morning of Sunday the 19th, we "packed up," and kept ready to move at a moments' notice. There seemed to be something "brewing." The whole army was kept in fighting trim. We moved out at one p. m. and marched leisurely about six miles southward and bivouacked for the night.

At nine a. m. July 20th, we resumed the march; moved in the direction of Gordonsville, Va., about fourteen miles, and went into camp near Bloomfield, Pa.

The movements of the Confederates were mysterious. Both armies moved south, toward Gordonsville and Culpeper, with the Blue Mountains between, same as we moved north. Therefore, again we watched the gaps.

We remained in camp near Bloomfield, Va., until noon of the 22d, when we resumed the march and moved along the mountains, by Snickersville and Snicker's Gap, to Ashby's Gap, ten miles, and bivouacked for the night.

July 23d, a battle was reported in progress at Wapping Heights, near Front Royal, in the Shenandoah Valley, on the west side of the Blue Mountains, between a part of the Confederate army, and our cavalry and the 3d Corps. It looked like a general engagement; our Division was ordered to hasten down to Manasses Gap, pass through and reinforce the movement.

We were soon on the move; but difficulties besetting, we did not reach the Gap till evening (twelve miles) and were compelled to work our way through the mountains, eight miles, that night, to join in the battle next morning.

This was the worst tramp the 148th P. V. made in all the service. The road was occupied by the wagon and artillery trains, and the troops were forced to take byways and paths, and without either, through jungles and brush, over rocks and cliffs in the mountains. At times we clambered along cliffs in single file; then creeping along great surfaces of inclining, smooth rocks, down which many a soldier rolled fifty feet and more, were badly hurt. One man was so badly hurt that he was heard to cry, at the foot of the ledge, and the more lucky ones guyed him with, bah! bah. He was left lay with a broken leg, and may have died in those mountains, for we did not get by there on our return.

Send the local news to the Reporter.

THE BOROUGH SCHOOLS.

The Centre Reporter herewith presents the portraits of the public school teachers of Centre Hall, together with a brief biographical sketch of each. Centre Hall has just reason to be proud of its public schools and its school teachers, and it is modestly asserted by the writer that every tax payer of this borough owes thanks to the present school board for the economical manner in which the public schools are conducted. It may be truly said that while the strictest economy is being practiced by the school board, the saving is not done at the expense of the school children.

The corps of teachers now in charge of the borough schools are thoroughly competent, and with the exception of one—a beginner—have established creditable reputations. Incompetency is too frequently charged, and that justly, against school teachers. There is not always a want of book knowledge, but there is a lack of common sense, good judgment or tact, as you please to call it, in the major part of the public school teachers of today. It may be safely said that these elements are not lacking in those who Monday assumed charge of the public schools in this borough; neither are they lacking in general knowledge.

The school board has resolved to enforce the compulsory school law, and it is hoped they will receive the support of the citizens of the town. The average attendance of the school children in the borough schools, in past years, has been very good, but there is room for improvement, and it is the purpose of the school board to insist on every child of school age to attend school regularly. If this idea is morally supported by every citizen of the town, the attendance officer will have little work left to perform, and the expense of enforcing the compulsory school law in Centre Hall will be reduced to the minimum figure.

PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHERS IN CENTRE HALL.

JOHN A. YOUNG, High School.
Flo. R. DUCK, Grammar. REBECCA JANE MOYER, Intermediate.
MARY A. FOREMAN, Primary.

John A. Young was born July 7, 1876. The early years of his life were spent on his father's farm, near New Columbia, Pa. The educational facilities being poor in the community, he entered the public school at Vicksburg, which course of study he completed in three years, receiving his first diploma. While in this school, under the potent influence of his teacher, Mr N. E. Spangler, the horizon of his life was gradually broadened until at the end of the school years there he had determined to enter Bucknell Academy, to pursue at least a year's course of study. Having once entered this institution and coming in contact with the outside world the desire for greater things seized him, which desire was appeased, but not satisfied, when he graduated from the Academy in the spring of 1897. Above the Academy stood the College, and so the College became the objective point for further work.

During this time he was dependent upon his personal efforts to meet his expenses. It therefore, at this period, became necessary to strengthen the financial side of the question. This he did by teaching in the public school at home for two years. In this work he was very successful and was strongly urged to remain at his old post, but the college was still before him as a point yet to be gained, and this task had become the dominating factor in his life.

Therefore, he entered Bucknell College in the fall of 1899, taking up the Latin philosophical course of study, which was completed in June of this year.

During his college life he took an active part in athletics, especially identifying himself with the Field and Track team. He was a good student and was well liked by the faculty and by the student body. He took a number of honor studies in addition to the regular work. These special studies were confined to a course especially adapted to those intending to teach. So another objective point was reached when he was graduated with honors in June.

Since entering upon his school life, and throughout it, binding all into one harmonious whole, the thought that he might become a successful educator has guided every effort. To become a factor in the worlds educational movement, to become a useful citizen, and thus be remembered among his fellow men, in short, that he may live such a life among the young that its influence may work for their betterment, both morally and intellectually, is the prevailing motive of lifes activity.

About a quarter of a century ago, Flo. R. Duck, the subject of this sketch, was born at the foot of Egg Hill, in Potter township, near Spring Mills, Pa.

Here she lived with her parents on a large farm until a few years ago when they began retired life.

Like many girls she was not fond of her books; and in the bright, sunny morning of her girlhood on the farm, with the primeval forest waving around, the berry bushes standing on tiptoe nodding to her, the sunlight sleeping upon the meadows and the sparkling brooks for her to gaze upon, outdoor life seemed far more attractive than the seclusion of the study room and the apparent monotony of life in the midst of books.

However she was blessed with most excellent parents, of great moral worth—believing in the maxim, that knowledge is the only thing one cannot be robbed of. So she, like the older brothers and sisters, was compelled to attend the country school regularly; she was told not to fall out of line but prepare for teaching, thus following the older five of the family. As a matter of course she said she could do it.

But instead of attending school that winter she clerked in a large store in Williamsport, but finding that that was nothing like home, and a poor salary caused her to return home and attend school at Centre Hill under Prof. W. P. Hosterman. The following winter and summer attending the Spring Mills Academy under Dr. Wolf, and at the age of 17 she began teaching school at Cross Lane, Potter township. After closing this term she spent twelve weeks at the Central State Normal School, and passed the junior year's branches. Being thus successful she decided to return the following fall and complete the course, graduating with honors in 1898. She continued the profession of teaching—two years in Romola, two years in Millheim, also two summer terms there, and has now entered upon her second term in this town.

Rebecca Jane Moyer, the subject of this sketch, is a daughter of J. K. Moyer, of Centre Mills, Pa., and is the sixth teacher of the family.

After leaving the Grammar school at Rebersburg, then taught by Prof. W. P. Hosterman, she pursued her studies at Allentown College for Women. Later on she graduated at Bloomsburg State Normal School, and was credited with six branches in the post-graduate course.

By the recommendation of her alma mater she secured her first school near Millville, Columbia county, which she taught for two successive terms. At the close of the second term she was approached by the directors who wished to secure her services for the third term, but about that time she was elected to the Intermediate Grade of the Centre Hall schools.

Miss Moyer has not only a good record in the school room, but is a close student. She is an inveterate reader, and in this way has materially widened her knowledge since closing her books as a pupil.

Finishing the second year in the Centre Hall High School, Miss Mary Foreman was elected to teach the primary grade of the borough schools, in which school, less than a dozen years ago, she herself was a pupil. From the time she reached school age, Miss Foreman was a regular attendant at the public schools, and early acquired the habit of systematic studying. This habit resulted in her being in advance in school work of most pupils of her age, and although on account of ill health she was unable to pursue her studies for a year, a teacher's certificate was granted her almost as early in life as the school law would permit.

Miss Foreman is a daughter of F. A. Foreman, of Centre Hall, is of a kind disposition, pure in character and has all the necessary qualifications to become a successful primary teacher.

COURT NEWS.

Doings of August Court as Reported by W. Harrison Walker, Esq.

The case of Geo. Dale, A. A. Dale, Clement Dale, who survive Henry Dale, deceased, executors of the last will and testament of Christian Dale, Sr., deceased, vs. Clement Dale, and Blanche Hoy, executors, was continued because it was improperly on the list. This was a scire facias to revive a certain judgment.

The first case tried Monday afternoon was that of Ralph Geyer and J. A. Gardner, trading and doing business under the firm name of Geyer and Gardner, vs. Michael Davidson and M. I. Forcey, trading and doing business under the firm name of Davidson and Forcey. This was an appeal taken from the judgment rendered by a justice of the peace, and was for the breach of a coal contract. Some time during the last winter the plaintiffs ordered some coal from the defendants who have control of a mine in this county. They agreed to ship the coal as ordered, but after some inquiry they learned that a man by the name of J. W. Gardner, who they thought was one of the partners of Geyer and Gardner, was insolvent, and without further inquiry cancelled the order and refused to ship the coal. It later turned out that the Gardner who was insolvent was not a party interested, and that they had actually rescinded the contract without legal grounds. The court, after a brief charge, turned the case over to the jury and in a few minutes a verdict was rendered in favor of the plaintiffs and against the defendants in the sum of $127.75.

The case of J. C. Rossman vs. Jacob F. Musser, which was an appeal, was settled by the parties.

There are only two civil cases on the list for trial at this session:—Wm. Hall vs. The Singer Sewing Machine Mfg. Co., and Maggie Woodring vs. H. M. Dunning.

The Grand Jury ignored the bill of indictment in the case of Commonwealth vs. Ernest Viard, who was indicted by Policeman Boslick, of Philipsburg, for resisting an officer and for assault and battery, and placed the costs upon the county. A cross suit was instituted by Mr. Viard against the policeman for assault and battery; the Grand Jury ignored this bill and the court sentenced Mr. Viard to pay the costs of prosecution or go to jail.

The first criminal case tried was that of Commonwealth vs. Earl Midlan, Ray Crispen, Frank McCartney and Thos. McCloskey, who were charged with the larceny of money from the store of T. B. Buddinger at Clarence. Mr. Buddinger was the prosecutor. A nol pros was entered Tuesday morning as against Crispen and McCloskey. Neither of the defendants were fifteen years of age.

The Commonwealth alleged that some time during the month of July and part of August cash was missed from the money drawer in the Clarence store, and no trace of it could be found until after the clerks had put a $20 00 bill in the drawer, locked it and left the room for a short time. In less than ten minutes the $20.00 bill was missing and when they called to one of the above defendants he told them that he had found the money on the floor. They then made a further search and found that another similar bill that had been lost was presented at a store in Snow Shoe to have it changed for one of the boys. They were immediately given a hearing and bound over to court. No testimony was given on part of the defendants and after the jury was out for half an hour returned a verdict of guilty and asked the mercy of the court in imposing sentence on the youths.

Keturah Colpetzer who was charged with an assault and battery by Margaret Tressler was found guilty by the jury and sentenced to pay the costs of prosecution and a fine of ten dollars.

George Garman who was charged with the crime of larceny by W. H. Crissman entered his plea of guilty. The court suspended sentence for the time being.

Commonwealth vs. Joseph Niceon, indicted for assault and battery; prosecutrix Mary C. Brook. This case is from Snow Shoe township at Clarence and some altercation took place between these parties on the 18th of August and as alleged by the prosecutrix the defendant kicked her in the stomach and hit her with stones, while on the other hand the defendant alleges he was assaulted. Verdict of not guilty and the defendant to pay two-thirds of the costs and the prosecutrix one-third.

William Hall vs. The Singer Sewing Machine manufacturing company. This case is from Snow Shoe township and is an appeal from decision of justice of the peace. Verdict in favor of plaintiff for thirty-nine dollars and fifty-eight cents.

Maggie Woodring, now Witmer, vs. H. M. Dunning, an appeal from judgment of a justice of the peace. This case is from Half Moon township to recover on a note. Verdict in favor of the plaintiff for sixty-two dollars and fifty-eight cents.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

It beats all how it did rain.

John F. Harrison, of Bellefonte, will teach school in Jersey Shore.

D. C. Keller will serve a turkey dinner on Grange Park Sunday, 13.

Reports from all parts of the state indicate that potatoes are rotting.

There is something of a difference between going straight home and going home straight.

Rev. J. F. Shultz will fill the appointments at State College, Pleasant Hill and Bellefonte Sunday next.

J. L. Frank succeeded Joseph Tibbins as mail carrier on the route between Loganton and Rebersburg.

The heavy rains of last week thoroughly soaked the oats shocks and did the crop more or less harm.

Mrs. Solly, wife of Rev. David A. Solly, of Richmond, Va., and children, Friday of last week returned to their home.

The Odd Fellow's reunion at Hunters park was in the height of its glory, when rain set in. The attendance was quite large.

Charles A. Walter will begin the manufacturing of boys' sleds in Mifflinburg. Five hands will be employed in the beginning.

Mrs. J. M. Moyer and Miss Emma Swartz, of Tusseyville, Thursday of last week went to Pitcairn, where they will visit among friends.

Governor Pennypacker has appointed James D. Stoughton register and recorder of Clinton county, to succeed the late William A. Caldwood.

The pike company was awarded $2,511.43 for its road bed between Mifflinburg and Lewisburg. It is probable that the pike company will appeal.

Misses Rosie, Catharine and Lottie Armbruster and Rena Rishel, of Farmers Mills, were pleasant callers at the Reporter office Monday afternoon.

The railroad station Saturday had the appearance of a terminal in a large city, and all was caused by the home coming of the Atlantic City excursionists.

The County W. C. T. U. Convention, is to be held in Petrikin Hall in Bellefonte on September 10 and 11, Miss Belle Kearney of Mississippi is to be the principal speaker.

The late rains and the high temperature of last week were of material aid to the growth of late corn. Barring early frosts, the corn crop may be better than anticipated.

Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Meyer, of Centre Hall, and Mr. and Mrs. J. W. McCormick, of Columbia, South Carolina, Sunday drove to Reedsville to visit Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Meyer.

Lost—A new black shoestring belt, on Wednesday, between the Reporter office and the Presbyterian manse. The finder will please leave it at the Reporter office.

Mifflin county Democrats placed in nomination the following ticket: Associate Judge, Henry Kane; Jury Commissioner, R. Taylor Alexander; Director of Poor, E. H. Hartman.

Rev. W. H. Decker has resigned as pastor of the Presbyterian church, Lewistown, having accepted a call from McKeesport, for which place he will leave about the middle of this month.

Merchant C. P. Long, of Spring Mills, Monday shipped a car load of potatoes. The price paid was twenty-eight cents. A car load of tubers was also shipped from Centre Hall by S. W. Smith Wednesday of last week.

Miss Sara McClenahan, of this place, took considerable pride in exhibiting a night-blooming cereus, Wednesday and Thursday nights of last week. The plant has five buds. A year ago it bloomed profusely.

A dog knocked a lantern over in the barn of Frank Mirely, near Cassville, Huntingdon county, and the barn, with all its contents, except the stock and some machinery, went up in smoke. The bark of the dog was scorched.

A notable episode of the Union campaigns of 1862 in the West is again brought to mind by a stirring article in the September McClure's—the story of "Andrew's Railroad Raid," told by Frank C. Dougherty, one of the participants and one of the few survivors.

K. H. Keller, of Keller's Business College, Lewisburg, was in Centre Hall and adjoining territory for several days last week, in the interest of the institution. The advertisement of the Keller Business College, in another column of this issue of the Reporter will be of interest to all who have any idea of taking a business course. Mr. Keller is supported by thoroughly competent instructors, and does not depend on advanced students to teach the same branches they are being instructed in.

OUT OF SULTAN'S CONTROL

The Situation in Turkish Empire Tends That Way.

VIGOROUS ACTION IS NECESSARY.

Minister Leishman's Reports to the State Deparment Show that Americans in Syria and Other Parts of the Ottoman Empire Require Protection Afforded by Warships—Revolution Spreading.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—Although the tragic side of the situation in Syria has now disappeared by the official news that Vice Consul Magelssen, at Beirut, was not assassinated, but simply fired upon, the fact nevertheless remains that conditions in Syria and throughout the Ottoman Empire are alarming, and that Americans residing there require the protection afforded by American warships cruising in the nearest waters. It is this consideration which caused the administration to determine that the error of the operator and its correction should make no change in the program, and that the orders to the European Squadron should not be recalled.

Every dispatch from Minister Leishman and every communication from missionaries and other outside sources contribute to the belief that Turkey is in a state which closely approaches that of China when a horde of howling pikesmen shut the foreigners up in their legation compounds and drove the Empress Dowager from the Sacred City. Minister Leishman's latest cables are known to contain much confidential matter, detailing the symptoms of unrest and the actual disorder which is now spreading all through Turkey and developing into anarchy beyond the Sultan's power to control.

Exactly what measures will be adopted to protect those persons situated at a distance from the seaboard is not yet decided, but in this Admiral Cotton will be given a free hand, and should the conditions warrant, he may land forces of marines. At the State Department it is said that this is an extreme measure, but warranted under the law of nations whenever the ruling sovereign proves unable to afford safety and protection to foreigners within his domain. The department has already received assurances, informal in their nature, from each of the powers interested in Turkish affairs that no obstacles will be placed in the way of the United States, regardless of the mode of procedure.

No change has been made in the orders to the European squadron to sail as soon as possible for Beirut. The Navy Department has been advised that the Machias sailed from Genoa for Beirut. The San Francisco and Brooklyn are at Genoa and will sail for Beirut immediately.

Acting Secretary Darling sent a cablegram to Rear Admiral Cotton informing him that Vice-Consul Magelssen had not been killed, but had been fired upon. This was done to apprise the commanding officer of the squadron of the true situation at Beirut. The collier Alexander was reported at Malta, on her way to Manila with coal for the Asiatic Station. She will next report at Port Said, and if the exigency is then necessary she will be held to supply the cruisers of the European squadron with coal.

The State Department has instructed Minister Leishman to notify the Turkish government that it must keep the peace, and that it will be held to a strict accountability for any lawless acts toward American citizens.

Mowed Down By Artillery.

Salonica (By Cable).—The Bulgarian insurgents have sustained a severe reverse at Smilovo, one thousand of them being killed.

The insurgents to the number of 3000 occupied a position on a height, which was stormed by six battalions of Turkish troops commanded by Servet Pasha.

After losing many of their number the Bulgarians fled in the face of the heavy Turkish artillery fire, which mowed them down. The Turkish losses were insignificant.

WOULD MAKE WAR NEEDLESS.

"Convictions" Adopted by the Universal Peace Congress.

Mystic, Conn. (Special).—The Universal Peace Union at its closing session here adopted a series of resolutions or "convictions." The preamble states that with all the encouragement for the demand for peace, "we are still confronted with the obligations resting upon peace societies and all advocates of peace to remove the causes and abolish the custom of war."

The resolutions set forth that the duty of the hour is to overcome all conditions that make war possible by teaching the principles of peace and arbitration in schools and universities, by practicing them in everyday life, and by multiplying courts of arbitration. The increase of the army and navy, the building of battleships for Turkey and other foreign Governments with all the improvements of American genius, the "farcical and expensive playing of naval battles on the coast of Maine," and the unrestricted sale of firearms, is viewed with alarm. Lying is declared to be a monstrous peace-breaker, and State and national legislation looking to its suppression is demanded. Race hatred and prejudice is pronounced a menace to peace.

Man Killed By Sister-in-Law.

Springer, N. M. (Special).—Cornelia Gonzales, on attempting to enter the house of Mrs. Sarah D. Solano, who was at home with her two children, has been killed by the woman with an ax. The woman struck him over the head six times, breaking the skull in as many places. Gonzales was a brother-in-law of Mrs. Solano, and is said to have previously insulted her. A coroner's jury exonerated the woman.

THE LATEST NEWS IN SHORT ORDER.

Domestic.

Signor Marconi, who returned to New York from Europe, brought four inventions which he believes overcome all important defects in the system of wireless telegraphy.

A syndicate bought the entire holdings of the Metropolitan Securities Company of New York, preparatory, it is believed, to a merger of the surface and underground railway, electric and gas interests of the city.

The "war game" off the coast of Maine ended and the umpires will decide whether army or navy won.

Attorney-General Crow began proceedings before the Missouri Supreme Court to annul the charters of the companies composing the so-called terminal monopoly in St. Louis.

Mgr. Mooney, vicar-general of the Arch-diocese of New York, was appointed auxiliary bishop by Archbishop J. M. Farley, and the Pope approved the appointment.

A sailor stabbed the mate, Peter Francis, on the British bark Calcutta, in New York harbor.

Three persons were drowned near Pittsburg as the result of the vehicle in which they were riding falling over an embankment into a swollen stream.

Langley's airship houseboat, in the Potomac River, slipped her moorings and drifted two miles before her anchors caught.

In the war game the enemy made important captures at Portland, Me., which were afterward disallowed by the umpires.

The Southern and the Louisville and Nashville Railways engaged in a right-of-way war northwest of Knoxville, Tenn.

Satisfactory arrangements have been made for the construction of a railroad to connect Colorado with Northern Mexico.

The annual report of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad shows gross earnings of over $50,000,000.

Hezekiah Butterworth, of Boston, made the opening address at the Peace Conference, at Mystic, Ct.

Herbert O. Shaffer committed suicide in Chicago by taking carbolic acid.

President Roosevelt discussed with Acting Attorney-General J. P. McReynolds and C. H. Robb, attorney-general of the Postoffice Department, and Congressman Charles H. Fowler, of New Jersey, the proposed financial legislation and the pending postoffice investigation.

The last official letter of General Miles to the Secretary of War, containing important recommendations and criticizing certain methods in the management and organization of the army, notably what he declares to be the useless expense for cavalry, is made public.

Reliable advices from the Leech Lake Reserve state that an outbreak of the Pillagers and Bear Island tribes is imminent.

Because of continued disasters, 100 men have quit work in the Tredwell Mine on Douglas Island, Alaska.

The third section of the Barnum & Bailey circus train was wrecked at Wildwood, Pa.

The Louisville and Nashville Railroad will establish a new line of steamships between Pensacola, Fla., and the most important parts of Southern Europe.

Judge Carroll L. Wood, who is opposing Governor Davis, of Arkansas, as candidate for a third term, knocked the latter from a speaking stand.

The Ohio Democratic Convention indorsed the Kansas City platform and invited William Jennings Bryan to speak on its principles.

Foreign.

Adianople, Turkey, is reported burning, and the Turks are alleged to be massacreing the Bulgarian population.

Morocco insurgents inflicted a severe defeat on the Sultan's troops.

At least 10,000 tin workers in Wales are on strike.

The split among German Socialists is growing more serious.

Emperor William, in a speech at Cassel, said that the early training by his teachers fitted him for his life of hard work.

Joseph Chamberlain declined to sanction the proposed loan for the relief of the Jamaica sufferers.

The Macedonian Committee has appealed to Prince Ferdinand to show greater interest in the Macedonian situation, declaring that if Macedonia is not soon liberated the position of Bulgaria will become critical. General Zontcheff is said to be organizing a body of 5,000 Macedonians to cross the frontier.

The Liberals scored a victory in the parliamentary bye-election, the first contest on the fiscal question. J. S. Ainsworth, Liberal free-trade candidate, was elected by a majority of 1,586 over Charles Stewart, Unionist and protection candidate.

The date for the first meeting of the arbitration tribunal on the Venezuelan matter, set for September 1, has been postponed because of the inability of Dr. Lardy and Professor Matzen to serve.

Four men and several officers of the Bavarian Army, stationed at Hommelburg, are suffering from typhus fever.

The British Foreign Office has instructed the British Commissioner in East Africa to facilitate in every way the work of the committee appointed by the Zionist Congress at Basle, Switzerland, to investigate the offer of the British government of a site for a Jewish colony.

It is reported that the leaders of the Persian Mohammedan Church have served notice on the Shah that unless he purges the country of foreign religious commercial influences the church will precipitate a revolution.

An express train from Budapest for Constantinople was blown up by dynamite bombs south of Adrianople, apparently the work of revolutionists. Seven persons were killed and 15 injured.

Financial.

June floods held back business from Atchinson and that helped to swell the traffic in July.

Secretary Shaw says there is no use to worry now about possible tight money in the late autumn.

Edwin Hawley and H. E. Huntington have been elected directors of Toledo, St. Louis & Western.

That same old yarn about Secretary Shaw depositing $40,000,000 in banks to help move the crops is now being circulated.

POWERS IS FOUND GUILTY

Sentenced to Be Hanged at Georgetown, Kentucky.

THIRD TIME HE IS ADJUDGED GUILTY.

Had Been Twice Before Convicted and Each Time Received the Sentence of Imprisonment for Life—Brother of Murdered Governor Broke Down From the Strain—Powers Makes Eloquent Plea.

Georgetown, Ky. (Special).—The third trial of ex-Secretary of State Caleb Powers for complicity in the murder of Gov. William Goebel in January, 1900, closed shortly before noon, when the jury brought in a verdict of guilty, with the extreme penalty of hanging for the prisoner. Powers had been in the penitentiary for three years on life sentence.

The verdict of the jury, "guilty and the punishment of death," was reported into court at 11.20. Several hundred people crowded the courtroom when the verdict was read. Intense silence prevailed. The jury was polled and each man declared the verdict of guilty to be his finding.

Powers sat apparently unmoved while his attorneys ased for time to make a motion for a new trial.

He had nothing to say regarding the verdict except to express his surprise that such a result could be reached from the evidence presented and to announce that he would take an appeal and continue his case to the last resort.

Arthur Goebel, the brother of the victim and a merchant in Cincinnati, who has spent his time and fortune for over three years in the prosecution of those accused of being in a conspiracy to kill his brother, broke down from the strain upon hearing the verdict.

Special Judge Robbins in the afternoon formally overruled a motion for the granting of a new trial to Powers. He then passed the sentence of death upon him. Powers made only the declaration:

"I'm not guilty, Judge!"

The Court then fixed November 25 next as the day for the execution.

The attorneys for Powers secured the granting of an appeal for the case to the Kentucky Court of Appeals, and, if unsuccessful, they may try to get the United States Supreme Court to take it under consideration.

Powers was immediately removed to the Scott County Jail to be held there pending the appeal of his case to the higher courts.

A telegram from Indianapolis states that ex-Gov. W. S. Taylor said:

"This verdict affects me very much. I cannot say a word."

Powers has been convicted twice before, this being the third trial in which the jury brought in a verdict of guilty against him. On his previous trials he escaped with a sentence of life imprisonment, as the evidence was not considered sufficiently strong against him to lead the jury to inflict the extreme penalty. All three of the trials were held at Georgetown and in each of them he had the assistance of the most able lawyers who could be procured.

The trial just closed was made notable by Powers addressing the jury in his own behalf. In a long review of the case he showed himself to be a competent ally of his counsel, while his eloquence in pleading for his life astonished those who had watched him carefully in the past trials of the case.

Story of Goebel's Murder.

The crime for which Powers was convicted was being accessory to the murder of William Goebel, who had been the Democratic candidate for Governor of Kentucky at the preceding election, and who was making a contest before the Legislature.

While on his way to the State House at Lexington, Ky., January 30, 1900, Goebel was shot by some one located in the rooms of the Secretary of State, an office then held by Powers.

NEW IDEAS BY MARCONI.

He Brings Four Inventions for His Wireless System.

New York (Special).—According to William Marconi, who arrived here on the Cunard liner Lucania, the system of sending wireless messages to any necessary distance under any conditions has been perfected, and within three months his company will accept commercial messages for transmission to Europe.

Of most importance is his positive statement that one of four new inventions he brings with him will make it impossible for a rival to interfere with the sending or receipt of messages.

When told of the interference a rival company is said to have created in the reporting of the yacht races Tuesday, so that his instruments were powerless to receive bulletins on the races, Signor Maconi laughed and said that with the new inventions all that would be impossible. He had so perfected his system that any number of instruments could be flashing messages through the same space and they would not in any way interfere with his own.

If this proves true the greatest objection which scientists and commercial houses have found with the system has been obviated.

Vacancies Not Filled.

St. Petersburg (By Cable).—In consequence of the refusal of Dr. Lardy, the Swiss Minister at Paris, and Profesor Matzen of the Copenhagen University to serve as arbitrators at The Hague in the claims of the allied Powers for preferential treatment in the settlement with Venezuela, the Foreign Office has requested the postponement of the date of the first meeting of the tribunal until other arbitrators are secured.

Engineers Killed.

Toledo, Ohio (Special).—A freight wreck occurred in the yards of the Nickel Plate Railway at Bellevue, O., in which Engineers James Rodenberg, of Bellevue, and J. G. Bartholomue, of Conneaut, O., were killed. Engineer Rodenberg had charge of a switch engine and was at work in the yards when the third section of No. 37, westbound, in charge of Bartholomue, pulled into the yards at full speed and crashed into the switch engine. Rodenberg was caught between the tender and cab and squeezed to death.

NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS.

Not Government Money.

Commissioner Richards, of the General Land Office, made a statement in reply to a publication that some of the officials of the Treasury Department are criticising the action of the Secretary of the Interior respecting the deposit of the funds received from the sale of the town sites in the Kiowa and Comanche reservations, which was made under Mr. Richards' direction in 1901.

He says the expenses of the transaction were paid from the receipts of the respective sales and properly accounted for to the Secretary of the Interior, and the balance of the receipts, amounting to $730,201, deposited in the Sub-Treasury at St. Louis, against which is to be charged $5,284 expenses incurred in the surveying of the town sites, leaving a balance of $724,917.

The Commissioner adds:

"No portion of this balance belongs to the Government. By the act under which these town sites were sold it is to be disposed of under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, in the manner provided in the act. The Secretary is the trustee of this fund, charged with the duty of seeing that it is expended in the manner provided by the act. The money was deposited in the Sub-Treasury at St. Louis. There was no direction in the law that it should be so deposited. It might have been deposited elsewhere, in the discretion of the Secretary."

Its Odor Drives Them Off.

The Department of Agriculture is investigating the virtues of the ocimumvirides, a plant from Northern Nigeria, and experts say that if all that is claimed be proved ocimumvirides will soon be all the rage as decorations for entertainments and dinners during the summer social season.

It is conceded it is not as beautiful as Bride roses or orchids, but it will remove mosquitoes, and in this fact its popularity is expected to lie. Place a pot of ocimumvirides on the dining-room table or the veranda of a summer cottage and the mosquitoes will leave and not return so long as the plant is around. Mosquitoes object to the odor the plant exudes. This resembles thymian and eucalyptus. The department, before giving its unqualified indorsement to the ornamental mosquito exterminator, is first going to find out if the insects will cultivate a liking for it.

No One-Sided Alaska Exhibit.

Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock issued instructions to the commission having in charge the Alaskan exhibit at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, directing that the exhibit shall not be in the interest of any particular business or enterprise, or of one section of the Territory against another, or of one class of people as against another, but must be arranged along broad lines, illustrating the products, resources and industries of all sections and all people.

No Pay During Absence.

Comptroller Tracewell in a decision given Public Printer Palmer rules that W. A. Miller, the assistant foreman in the bookbindery department of the Government Printing Office, whose case has attracted so much attention, is not entitled to pay for the time of his absence from the printing office.

Miller was absent 63 days, and if the claim had been valid there would be due him $352. The Comptroller holds that Miller is not an official of the Government, but an employe, and ruled that a prerequisite of his pay is that he should be present and actually perform the labor required of him.

Loomis to Lecture at Newport.

Francis B. Loomis, First Assistant Secretary of State, will leave Washington this week to be absent for about a month on vacation. He will first deliver a series of lectures before the Naval War College at Newport, R. I., upon features of diplomacy and their relations to the navy which have come under his observation while serving as a foreign Minister of the United States.

Will Cost 42,000 to Repair.

A report has been received at the Navy Department from the commandant of the navy yard at New York, saying that an examination of the Massachusetts since she had been in drydock shows that it will cost $42,000 to repair the damages which she recently sustained near Bar Harbor.

In the Departments.

Secretary Hay has begun an inquiry into the origin of the false report that Vice-Consul Magelsson, at Beirut, Syria, had been assassinated.

Experiments with a flying machine of the aeroplane pattern invented by Emile Berliner are said to have been successful.

It is authoritatively stated that for the present the isthmian canal project is in abeyance.

No new question has been raised by the proposition of Secretary Shaw to segregate government receipts from internal revenue sources.

It is stated that English stockholders in the Suez Canal are the most powerful opponents of the Panama Canal Treaty.

The State Department was informed of the murder of Ira C. Bradley near Holguin, Cuba.

The action of the Ohio Democratic Convention in renewing allegiance to William J. Bryan has created discussion in Washington political circles.

Assistant Secretary Robert B. Armstrong, of the Treasury, left for a month's trip to the Pacific coast.

The investigation of the irregularities will be made by some one outside of the Interior Department.

The official conduct of United States Attorney P. L. Soper, his assisant (Mr. Huckleberry) and United States Marshal Colbert, of Indian Territory, are being investigated.

Representative Overstreet, of Indiana, in an interview, declares that financial legislation is not necessary for the continuance of prosperity.

The White House is being overhauled preparatory to the return of President Roosevelt and family.

WIND FAILS THE BOATS

The Fourth Race in Yacht Contest Declared Off.

RELIANCE WAS FAR IN THE LEAD.

Challenger Outsailed, Outpointed, and Outfooted by Yankee Yacht—It Was a Procession from Start to Finish—The Shamrock Atrociously Handled—Wringe Out maneuvered in Struggle for Position.

New York (Special).—With Reliance less than a third of a mile from the finish and Shamrock III. hull down on the horizon, fully two miles astern of the gallant defender, the fourth race of the present series for the America's cup Thursday was declared off because of the expiration of the time limit of five and one-half hours, as happened on Thursday last.

Although, officially, it was no race, the defeat administered to the challenger was so ignominious that whatever lingering hope remained in the breasts of the friends of Sir Thomas' boat vanished into thin air. Reliance's victory was in every way more decisive than that of last Saturday. Outsailed, outpointed and outfooted, it was a procession from start to finish.

The Herreshoff wonder beat the Shamrock hopelessly in the fifteen miles of windward work, rounding the outer mark 12 minutes and 30 seconds ahead of her, a gain in actual time of 11 minutes and 29 seconds, and down the wind she steadily increased her lead.

The real race of the day was not against Shamrock III., but it was seen in the exciting struggle of Reliance in the last half hour to reach the finish line before the regatta committee fired the gun which should announce the expiration of the time limit.

Had the wind freshened twenty minutes earlier than it did the cup series would have ended with three straight wins for the defender, and Fife's famous light-weather boat would have sailed back to Albion shores one of the most disastrously worsted challengers in the history of the America's cup contests.

Third Race.

New York (Special).—In a glorious wholesail breeze, over a triangular course, ten miles to a leg, the fleet-footed cup defender Reliance again showed her heels to Sir Thomas Lipton's challenger, taking the second race of the cup series of 1903 by the narrow margin of one minute and nineteen seconds.

It was as pretty and as hard a fought contest as has ever been sailed off Sandy Hook, and had the wind not fallen during the last ten minutes the record for the course—three hours twelve minutes and fifteen seconds—made by Columbia two years ago in her memorable race against Shamrock II., would have been broken.

As it was, Reliance sailed the thirty miles within two minutes and thirty-nine seconds of the record, which speaks wonders for her speed in the wind that was blowing.

Reliance's victory, narrow as it was, would have been even smaller had not Captain Wringe, the skipper of the British ship, bungled the start, sending his craft over the line nineteen seconds after the last gun and handicapping her to that extent.

At every point of sailing the defender's superiority was demonstrated. She gained one minute and fifty-one seconds in windwark work, forty seconds on the run to the second mark and forty-five seconds on the close reach for home.

Based upon the magnificent showing she has made in the two races already sailed, it is the belief of many experts that the cup is safe and that it will take something better than Fife's latest creation to even budge it.

Just before the finish the wind died down, but Reliance went across in ample time to win, having covered the ten miles in 57 minutes 40 seconds. There followed the usual riot of whistles, mingled with the wail of sirens, the clamor of bells, the exultant shouts of patriots and the booming of cannon.

The official time:—

	Start.	Finish.	Time.	Time.
Reliance	11.00.00	2.15.30	3.14.54	3.14.54
Shamrock III	11 02.00	2.21.10	3 18.10	3.16.18

LIVES LOST IN FLOOD.

Two Men Perish While Attempting to Rescue Others.

Council Bluffs, Iowa (Special).—The Missouri River Valley, from Missouri Valley 20 miles north to Pacific Junction, 15 miles south of here, is almost a lake for the entire distance, and of the five trunk lines running east from here, one—the Illinois Central—is able to get a train in or out of the city.

Two persons—H. H. Larue, of Corning, and A. R. Fash, a Clinton (Iowa) horseman—lost their lives while attempting to rescue a number of persons from the fair grounds, which were suddenly flooded. Larue was electrocuted while pushing a boat under an electric light wire, and Fash was drowned. Three others are missing and are thought to have lost their lives on the flooded fair grounds.

The flood was caused by a sudden rise in the Nodaway River, which submerged the grounds before those having charge of exhibits knew of their danger, part of them being asleep. The water reached a depth of 21 feet on the grounds and washed away a number of buildings.

The railroads are the heaviest sufferers from the flood.

Three Young Women Drowned.

Pittsburg, Pa. (Special).—While a party of young people were driving home from a social gathering near Evergreen borough, north of Allegheny, their vehicle was precipitated over a high embankment into Girtys run, and three were drowned. Two others narrowly escaped a similar fate. The party was returning from a dance, and were almost home, when the horse slipped and, in falling, dragged the vehicle over the embankment into the run. The stream was badly swollen, and three of the occupants were swept away.

HIS MANY BOOK AND ART WORKS.

Charge Against Manager Miller, of Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Pa. (Special).—That Howard T. Goodwin, who in December of last year committed suicide in the Arcade Building, had, during a period of years misappropriated cash, stock and bonds to the extent of $1,000,000 or more, was declared in a bill of equity filed by Cassatt & Co., bankers and brokers. Goodwin was the manager of the firm at the time he committed suicide. Suit was begun in Common Pleas Court No. 5, on behalf of the brokers, by John G. Johnson.

It was directed against Lizzie K. Goodwin, executrix of the estate of Howard T. Goodwin, and asked that she be directed to render an accounting of all property left by her late husband, including real estate, art treasures, rare books and shares of stock. It was alleged in the bill that Goodwin, during his career as the trusted manager of the concern, had made away with large sums said to amount to $1,000,000, and that his property had been purchased with money which rightfully belonged to others. Only in the extent of the amount was the news of the alleged shortage a surprise.

It was shown at the time of Goodwin's death that he had been plunging in the stock market, and he was supposed to have been interested in Consolidated Lake Superior. It was also said that he was involved in several promoting schemes that had been financial failures. His death was a tragic one and occurred under circumstances that gave at first promise of a suspicion of foul play, a shadow that was soon dissipated.

Experts were put to work on the books of his concern, and after some time Cassatt & Co. admitted that their trusted employee was indebted to them. No statement of the amount further than that it in no way affected the stability of the firm was given out.

A few days ago the affairs of Goodwin came before the public when his collection of rare books was advertised for sale at auction. The sale was ordered by Hampton L. Carson, presumably an attorney for some interest in connection with the settlement of the estate.

The catalogue of the Goodwin books revealed the fact that thousands and tens of thousands of dollars had been expended in gathering together a rare literary collection. It included, among other things, three volumes of a special edition of Dickens, contracted for at a cost of $130,000. There were to have been twenty-five volumes in the collection, and $10,000 had been paid down at the time of delivery. The text was printed on pure vellum, on one side of the page only. Each page was illumined by hand in water colors.

The volumes were bound in full crushed levant morocco, gilt and tooled with an inside doublure of contrasting leather. Each book is laid in a satin-lined box. Thousands of other volumes of special editions or rare first editions, some of them costing thousands of dollars, were in the library of the man's home at Ridley Park.

His art treasures are also said to have been extensive, but of much less value than his books. He was possessed, his friends say, of a veritable mania for book collecting. Simple in his tastes in other directions, it is said his speculations were in the hopes of reaping profits to add to the treasures on his shelves.

Two Centenarians Dead.

La Porte, Ind. (Special).—Mrs. U. L. Turczynea, residing near Terre Coupee is dead at the age of 107 years. She was born in Poland and for more than half a century had lived in La Porte and St. Joseph counties. Family records substantiate her age.

Bloomington, Ill. (Special).—Francis Anthony, the oldest man in Illinois, died of heart failure. He was born in May, 1800, in Ireland.

Quarrel Ends Fatally.

Marysville, Ky. (Special).—The rig of David Daily, of Maysville, and William Malone, of Manchester, O., collided at 3 a. m., with one occupied by Clarence Thomas and William Jackson, colored. The colored men demanded $10 damages. Daily insisted on waiting until daylight for settlement. During the quarrel Daily was shot and killed by Thomas. Both colored men are in jail.

Gold Dust Stolen.

Chicago, Ill. (Special).—A dispatch to the Record-Herald from Vancouver, B. C., says: "Four masked men held up the watchman of the Featherstonhaugh mines, in Atlin, Alaska, and stole nearly $20,000 worth of gold dust, which had been collected in the sluices during the day. Twenty workmen had just gone to supper, leaving the watchman in charge. He was caught from behind, pinioned and gagged, and in twenty minutes the big clean-up was in canvas sacks, which the robbers brought. They fled in the darkness."

Safe Dynamited.

Franklin, Pa. (Special).—Robbers dynamited the safe in the postoffice at Sandy Lake, fifteen miles west of this city, and secured nearly $1000. Mrs. Abraham Wilson, living near the postoffice, saw the three cracksmen at work, but was too frightened to give the alarm. Three suspicious looking men were arrested, but none of the stolen property was found on them.

Rat Bite Causes Death.

Cambria, Wis. (Special).—David G. Williams, aged 63 years, who was bitten by a rat two weeks ago, died of blood poisoning, which resulted from the bite. Mr. Williams was a member of the Lower House of the last Legislature. He served in the civil war.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

A small boy was shanghaied on the French bark Marechal de Gontant, which sail for Yokohama from New York.

Mayor Falkenstein will hold the Amalagamated Association for the future conduct of the McKeesport strikers.

Three persons were killed in an explosion at the works of the Independent Powder Company, Carthage, Missouri.

THE VAGABOND ROAD.

From one town to another
  The staid, brown highway runs,
Laid out by the good fathers,
  Trodden by us and our sons.
This way passes the schoolboy,
  The countryman with his load,
    The bridegroom and bride—
    A busy procession
    Of young hearts and old—
    And none turns aside
Or pines for the Vagabond Road.

Oh, the Vagabond Road, have you seen it?
  How describe it in words?
Green, capricious, enchanting,
  Haunted by sweet singing birds.
Still pursuing its pleasure
  By rock, pasture and fall,
    Escaping, ascending,
    Deploying—and, where
    I know not, but surely
    Deliciously ending
(So be it!) in nothing at all.

Dusty and safe is the highway,
  Thrice respectable, too;
Here are clustered men's dwellings,
  Church and market in view.
I, too, travel the turnpike
  And there fix my abode—
    Yet sometimes, perchance,
    I halt for a moment,
    When no one is by,
    And throw a long glance
Far, far down the Vagabond Road.
—Dora Read Goodale, in Lippincott's.

Lenny's Mistake.

By Clio Stanley.

A sunny afternoon in May, with green leaves blowing hither and thither, and the frolicsome little winds climbing up the frail ladders of the vines over the doorway, making them all a-tremble. There was a sweet chorus of robins in the maple tree, and blithe bits of melody falling from the children's lips over the way. There was sunshine on the graveled garden walk, and its yellow splendors had stolen in through the wide-open door, and were caressing the backs of the two gray kittens rolled up in soft little balls at Lenny Howard's feet.

But Lenny was in one of her unhappy moods that afternoon, and cared nothing at all for the blessing of the sunshine or for the chorus of sweet spring sounds stealing in from the leafy outdoor world. There was a cloud on her young face that the sunlight could not banish.

"Dear me; I do wish Belle would come back! She has been gone long enough to do forty errands, I am sure; and she knows I am alone, and tied to this hateful chair."

Two days before, at a grand picnic on the mountainside, Lenny Howard had fallen and twisted her foot, so that she would not be able, the doctor said, to step on it for a week; and as she was a restless little mortal, who kept still ten minutes at a time unless she was asleep, the enforced quiet was a terrible punishment; all the more unendurable because Belle Fairfax, who had promised to stay with her all that dreadful week, had gone out for half an hour, and had already been gone two hours.

"It's too bad!" she exclaimed again, when another ten minutes passed without bringing Belle. "Get out of my way!" she exclaimed, pushing the two gray kittens off the cushion; "I'm tired of seeing you so still!"

The kittens went rolling and rollicking after each other across the floor in a sudden spasm of merriment, and at the same moment Belle stood in the doorway, laughing at their pranks.

Even Lenny, vexed as she was, could not help thinking what a pretty picture Belle made, framed by the old doorway. Such a bright, laughing face it was; nut-brown hair above, nut-brown eyes below, both just touched with a glimmer of gold; cheeks the color of a pink rose, and lips still redder and sweeter; and under all a dainty chin with a dimple in it. But, then, Belle had been cruel, and Lenny didn't mean to flatter her.

"You've been away two hours," she began, with a doleful face.

"I know it," said Belle, tossing her hat on a sofa, and sitting down in a low chair by the window; "but then you know I haven't been out for two days and it has been such a perfect afternoon. Besides——"

"Besides what?" asked Lenny, at length; for Belle had picked up the kittens and was playing with them, apparently forgetful of the fact that she had left her sentence unfinished.

A rose-flush crept to her face at Lenny's question, and she hesitated a moment for an answer.

But the proud head was lifted at last, and the bright eyes fixed bravely on Lenny's face.

"I met Frank just as I was coming home, and as I wanted—I mean we had something to say to each other—we walked back a little distance. I am afraid Lenny, we [illegible] you. But you'll forgive me, and I won't leave you once tomorrow.

But Lenny looked at Belle's bright face, and hardened her heart against her friend.

Had she not acknowledged that they had forgotten her? and had not Frank Maxwell been her devoted lover for six months? Only that day at the picnic he had begged her to say when she would be his wife, and now he had quite forgotten her in a stroll with Belle! It was certainly more than any woman could be expected to bear with good nature, so she turned her back on Belle, and refused to say a word.

"Lenny," said Belle, with a little tremor in her voice, "won't you look at me, dear; for I have something to tell you, and I really want it off my mind? Frank thought I ought to tell ——"

"Don't dare to tell me, Belle Fairfax!" cried Lenny passionately. "Do you suppose I don't know all about it?" she continued, facing Belle with crimson cheek.

"How did you—when did you find us out?"

Belle asked the question bravely enough, but she was really shaking with apprehension of a scene.

"Never mind that. It is enough for you to know that I think you are the most deceitful creature in the world, and that Frank Maxwell is——"

"What, Lenny?"

And Frank came in, just in the midst of the angry sentence, and looked in astonishment at Lenny's flashing eyes, and Belle's troubled face.

"I told you how it would be, Frank," began Belle, "and you must see I was right."

"But I really don't see why Lenny should be vexed at the matter if you are satisfied. Lenny, I had really expected better things of you," continued Frank, with a reproachful glance in her direction.

"I know how it is," faltered Belle; "Lenny thinks I am too young and foolish to be your——"

"Will you hush!" cried Lenny, stamping her little foot angrily down on the gray kitten's tail, and flashing her eyes from one to the other. "I should like to know if you are not six whole months older than I am, Belle Fairfax! and I'm sure I don't care," continued Lenny, growing suddenly very white and sinking back in her chair, "but—but you might have told me before. Go and marry him as soon as you like, but don't stand there making faces at me any longer."

And Lenny shut her eyes resolutely.

"Well, I am sure I am glad of your permission, dear," Belle replied, with a melancholy little laugh; "but, Lenny, I want you to be glad of it; because I shall want you to come to us often, until you are married yourself."

Lenny opened her eyes, and looked with angry astonishement at Belle's blushing face.

"Come, Lenny," said Frank, sitting down and taking the little restless hands in his own, "be your own loving self. It isn't a bad thing to have such a jolly little stepmother as Belle; and if——"

But that sentence was destined never to be concluded, for both Lenny's arms were around Frank's neck, and —well, he found new employment for his lips.

"Now, Lenny, I am sure this is really good in you," broke in Belle. "Of course, it will seem queer for me to be Frank's mamma, and consequently yours, but then you need never call me anything but Belle. Of course, you couldn't do it!" she added, laughing.

Lenny looked up as meek as a kitten, all defiance vanished from her laughing eyes.

"I think it will be just lovely," she exclaimed, hiding her face again on Frank's shoulder; "and of course we shall call her mamma, shan't we, Frank?"

"Then you were only making fun, after all?" asked Belle; "you thought you would frighten me, because I left you so long alone?"

"Yes," murmured Lenny, softly.

But she never told anybody but her husband what her jealous heart had imagined—that he had learned to love Belle best, and that Belle meant to be his wife.

"Pshaw!" said Frank. But he kissed her very tenderly, nevertheless.—New York Weekly.

BANKING IN THE SCHOOLS.

Why the Plan Is a Good One For the Children.

Banking in the public schools is meeting with much success wherever it has been introduced, says the Boston Transcript. By its means children are taught to take care of their pennies, which are deposited in their school banks, and these seemingly insignificant sums soon amount to dollars. The secret and essence of thrift tend to exalt things into higher value. While it consists in the obtaining and putting out of money and decides how and at what limit we must save and spend, yet it moves in the higher range of our nature. Thrift has no secrets. It tells frankly of forethought and exhibits the process of saving for future use. It looks after little things and points the way to carefulness. It teaches a thorough knowledge of one's affairs and is exact in its dealings. It keeps a secret account of its credits and debits down to the cent and reports its balanced accounts daily. It keeps company with all the virtues. It antagonizes all the vices. It favors a full manhood and works out healthful results from oft-times most unpromising beginnings.

The school may teach a business form without imparting the business characteristic, but in school banking the latter is the sole aim and design. It would not present a young man to a business house thoroughly conversant with business, but having self-indulging personal habits. On the other hand, it would send the hosts of youth into awaiting fields of practical endeavor knowing how to keep a dollar after it has been earned.

But the practice of the school banking system is scarcely less advantageous to the savings institutions receiving the deposits than to the depositors themselves relative alone to financial considerations. While the handling of a largely increased number of accounts entails some extra expense and clerical labor, yet savings banks have uniformly founded in compensating conditions ample justification for their co-operation with the school. Parents and friends have been stimulated by the example of children noticeably increasing the list of depositors and amount of deposits. The advantages of the savings bank been thus advertised to the public at a slight expense.

The school savings bank system is now in operation in 1479 schools of 118 cities, situated in 24 States of the Union, and of 370,457 scholars on the register, 163,578 are depositors of $1,309,611, of which $869,878.48 has been withdrawn, leaving a balance of $439,732.52 due little depositors to January, 1902. It is calculated that more than $2,000,000 has been saved by the American children since the introduction of the plan in 1885. Is not such result sufficient to justify the universal adoption of the plan which, besides the monetary question, has proved to be a powerful agent of social reform?

THE EARLY MORNING AIR.

It Has a Virtue Over That of Later Hours.

Chemists have long ago told us not only what is the exact composition of the air, but also that this composition is practically constant, whether the air be that near the mountain top or sea, or from the chemistry would not appear to offer an explanation of the benefit gained from "a change of air." Similarly everyone knows the sweetness and freshness of the early morning air, attractive properties which disappear as the day advances. but so far as analysis goes the composition of early morning air is not different from that of air at any other time. Ie is well to remberer, however, that during the passing of night to day and of day to night several physical changes take place, says the London Lancet. There is a fall in temperature at sunset and a rise again at dawn, and consequently moisture is alternately being thrown out and taken up again, and it is well known that change of state is accompanied by electrical phenomena and certain chemical manifestations also.

The formation of dew has probably, therefore, far more profound effects than merely the moistening of objects with water. Dew is vitalizing not entirely because it is water, but because it possesses an invigorating action, due partly, at any rate, to the fact that it is saturated with oxygen, and it has been stated that during its formation peroxide of hydrogen and some ozone are developed. It is not improbable that the peculiarly attractive and refreshing quality which makes the early morning air has its origin in this way. Certain it is that the bracing property of the early morning air wears off as the day advances, and it is easy to conceive that this loss of freshness is due to the oxygen, ozone or peroxide of hydrogen (whichever it may be) being used up.

The difficulty of inducing grass to flourish under a tree in full leaf is well known, and is generall explained by saying that the tree absorbes the nourishing constitutents of the soil or that it keeps the sunlight away from the grass and protects it from rain. It is doubtful whether any of these explanations is true, the real reason most probably being that the vitalizing dew cannot form upon the grass under a tree, whereas as a rule both rain and light can reach it. Dew is probably essential to the well-being of both plants and animals to a greater extent than is known, and the beautiful expression in the prayer book, "Pour upon them the continual dew of Thy blessing," may be remembered in this connection.

A California Dog Hero.

From California comes a tale of a heroic rescue by a dog. During a forest fire which raged along the border between Yuba and Butte counties, Bruno, a Great Dane dog, fought his way through the flames bearing in his jaws the living body of three-year-old Florence Rogers. The parents of the child, when the alarm of fire was given, hastened to assist neighbors leaving little Florence on the kitchen floor. When the wind shifted Rogers and his wife rushed for their home but when they reached the clearing it was to see the barn in a blaze. Rogers tried to get to the house, but was restrained. Just then Bruno burst through the kitchen window with the child, her garments knotted in his teeth. The baby's clothes gave way as the dog landed, but in an instant he had her again in grip and reached safety. The child's face and hands were cut and burned, but she recovered.

Gasoline Motors on Sahara.

Gasoline motors are carrying the mails and supplies between different oases in the Sahara as a matter of experiment, thus usurping the place of the "ship of the desert." This takes the romance out of desert travel, but if the experiment proves successful the prosaic motor car will aid vastly in exploring the Sahara. A camel can go 100 miles without a renewal of supplies, while a gasoline motor can go 500 miles.

Some people eat too much because they don't believe in putting off till tomorrow what they can do today.

NEW IDEAS in TOILETTES

New York City.—Waists made with tucks that extend from the shoulders to yoke depth always are becoming and provide most desirable of all lines.

BLOUSE WAIST.

This pretty May Manton one combines that feature with the plain centre front which is attached to the tucked ones beneath their edges. The original is made of embroidered batiste with trimming of Valenciennes lace, but the design suits all the materials of the season, cotton, linen, wool and silk, and can be made lined or unlined as may be deemed desirable.

The waist consists of the fitted foundation, the back, the tucked fronts and the centre front. The back is tucked for its entire length. The fronts are laid in one tuck at each edge and in three from the shoulders to yoke depth. The centre front is plain and trimmed on indicated lines and is attached to the right side, hooked or buttoned into place at the left. The sleeves are made in the latest style, which means that they are somewhat snug above the elbows but full and ample below.

The quantity of material required for the medium size is four and a half yards twenty-one inches wide, three and three-quarter yards twenty-seven inches wide, three and three-quarter yards thirty-two inches wide, or two and a half yards forty-four inches wide.

SHIRT WAIST AND NINE GORED WALKING SKIRT.

A Popular Costume.

Shirt waists are among the good things of which no woman ever has enough. The very stylish May Manton one, shown in the large drawing, is new and becoming to the generality of figures. The tucks, which are arranged to give a pleat effect, are stitched only to yoke depth at the front, so forming becoming folds over the bust, while the back gives tapering lines to the figure. The original is made of dotted chambray, but all waist materials are equally suitable.

The waist consists of the smoothly fitting lining, which can be used or omitted as preferred, the fronts and the back, and is shaped by means of shoulder and under-arm seams. The back is drawn down smoothly and snugly at the waist line, while the front blouses slightly over the belt. The sleeves are cut in one piece and are full below the elbows and gathered into straight cuffs at the wrists.

The quantity of material required for the medium size is four and a half yards twenty-one inches wide, four yards twenty-seven inches wide, three and three-quarter yards thirty-two inches wide, or two and a quarter yards forty-four inches wide.

Walking skirts have become so much of a necessity as to be included in every wardrobe. The very stylish one illustrated in the large picture is adapted to cloth of all grades, to etamines and the like and to the heavy linens now in vogue, but as shown is made of Sicilian mohair in royal blue with stitching in corticelli silk.

The skirt consists of nine gores which are shaped to fit with perfect snugness above the knees and to flare freely about the feet. The fullness at the back is laid in inverted pleats.

The quantity of material required for the medium size is five and three-quarter yards twenty-seven inches wide, three and three-quarter yards forty-four inches wide, or three and a quarter yards fifty-two inches wide.

A Mirror Fad.

Within the past few years a decided fad for the collecting of antique mirrors has developed, and many a looking glass of ancient days, treasured more for association's sake than for its intrinsic value, has assumed considerable importance commercially. Colonial mirrors are having a decided vogue at the present time, more particularly those decorated with a pastel across the top, but in the opinion of one critic they are not entitled to consideration on the score of beauty.—New York Journal.

The Triumph of the Mistletoe.

In lace and embroideries it looks as if the too, too popular grape was about to be replaced by the mistletoe. Though less showy than the fruit of Bacchus, its artistic possibilities are quite as good. Furthermore, it has traditions and associations of its own that are distinctly pleasant, and, last of all, it is new.

Top Collars and Auto Cuffs.

Top collars and cuffs are daily growing deeper, and rather more important. Vandyke points are favorite shapes, and they are treated with vivid splashes of embroidery in colors, red, pale blue and black being most effective.

Tulle Avaignee.

A new and popular material of the net class is tulle avaignee, a fine silk tulle with meshes forming symmetrical lace designs. It is much more durable than the ordinary tulle.

A Hand-Painted Frock.

Among the hand-painted mousseline frocks worn at a recent Paris function was one in soft gray mousseline, painted in shadowy fuchsias in their natural tints.

Tucked Blouse.

Blouses made with horizontal tucks are greatly in style and suit girlish figures to perfection. This one, designed by May Manton, shows three tucks in the blouse and three in the sleeves made on continuous lines, so giving the broad effect which is demanded by present fashions. The model is made of white handkerchief linen with collar and cuffs of lace and is unlined, but the design suits wool and silk as well as cotton and linen fabrics, and the lining can be added whenever desirable.

The blouse is made with the fitted foundation, the tucked front and tucked backs, and is shaped by means of shoulder and under-arm seams. The fullness in the front is laid in tiny tucks at the neck and both front and backs are gathered at the waist line. The sleeves are the new ones that are snug above the elbows but form full soft puffs at the wrists.

The quantity of material required for the medium size is three and three-quarter yards twenty-one inches wide, three and three-quarter yards twenty-seven inches wide, two and three-quarter yards thirty-two inches wide, or one and seven-eighth yard forty-four inches wide, with one-quarter yard of all-over lace.

MISSES' TUCKED BLOUSE.

Message From the Sea.

A Greek fisherman recently found on a lonely part of the Island of Carpathos a hermetically sealed bottle, containing a paper, which read as follows: "2.9, 1702.—The ship Clown, on board which we were, foundered at the beginning of October, 1702. She foundered so quickly we barely had time to get off on the raft, on which we now are, without food or drink. Whoever finds this paper is begged, in the name of humanity, to forward it to the government. One of the castaways.—Manter." This two century old message has been bought by a Greek doctor.

Draws Oil From Well.

At Cortland, N. Y., Mrs. Lottie Gutchess' teakettle would not boil the other night when she made her tea. After waiting an hour she examined the contents of the kettle and found it was oil. She carefully emptied it and drew another kettleful from the well. It appeared to be oil, too. An examination of the well showed that it was nearly filled with oil—a good quality of crude petroleum.

Centre Hall Hotel

CENTRE HALL, PA.
JAMES W. RUNKLE, Prop.

Newly equipped. Bar and table supplied with the best. Summer boarders given special attention. Healthy locality. Beautiful scenery. Within three miles of Penns Cave, a most beautiful subterranean cavern; entrance by a boat. Well located for hunting and fishing.
Heated throughout. Free carriage to all trains.

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F. A. NEWCOMER, Prop.
Heated throughout. Fine Stabling.
RATES, $1.00 PER DAY.
Special preparations for Jurors, Witnesses, and any persons coming to town on special occasions. Regular boarders well cared for.

Spring Mills Hotel

SPRING MILLS, PA.
GEORGE C. KING, Prop.
First-class accommodations at all times for both man and beast. Free bus to and from all trains. Excellent Livery attached. Table board first-class. The best liquors and wines at the bar.

Old Fort Hotel

ISAAC SHAWVER, Proprietor.
Location: One mile South of Centre Hall.
Accommodations first-class. Good bar. Parties wishing to enjoy an evening given special attention. Meals for such occasions prepared on short notice. Always prepared for the transient trade.
RATES: $1.00 PER DAY.

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Receives Deposits . .
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THE CENTRE REPORTER.
S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1903.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

The figures opposite your name on label of paper indicate the date to which your subscription is paid. When no date is given the date implied is July, 1900; when no month is given the month implied is July—thus; '00" means July, 1900; "01", means July, 1901; "04" means that your subscription is paid in advance to July, 1904. Other months than July are indicated by abbreviations.

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Spring Mills.

The late rains caused Penns creek to raise.

Elmer Leitzell, of Lewisburg, is visiting at the home of James Leitzell.

Mrs. Ada V. Runkle, landlady of the Mottor House, York, spent a week at the home of John Smith.

The Lutheran Sunday school will hold their first picnic next Saturday at the sand spring, in Hon. William Allison's grove.

Mrs. Jones daughter, and son, of Altoona, are visiting at the home of D. Barree. Mrs. Jones is threatened with typhoid fever.

The K. G. E. are making great preparations to go to Bellefonte on Labor Day. They initiated five new members last Monday evening and have five new applicants. They will soon reach the hundred mark. Let the good work go on.

Paul Bierly, son of Rev. Bierly, was kicked on the leg by a horse belonging to Israel Zubler. It made him limp for several days.

R. G. Kennely and wife will take charge of Richley's boarding house, up near Stone Creek, this week.

Wm. Stover, of Freeport Illinois, will be home this week to visit his mother and sister.

The new bridge across Sinking Creek is finished at last. If it takes two years to build a bridge across a small stream, how long will it take to build one across a river a mile wide.

Frank Mayes, a member of the firm of Keller & Mayes woolen factory, at Houserville, was here looking up the interests of their factory, and took the third degree in the K. G. E. lodge.

Boyd Auman left last Monday for Steubenville, Ohio, where he accepted a position as stenographer with some large firm.

The new iron bridge is at last completed, and we can boast of having the only state bridge in the county. It will be appreciated all the more since it was so long coming.

Misses Florida and Bertha Duck began their work as teachers on Monday last. The former has charge of the intermediate school in Centre Hall and the latter has the Centre Hill school.

Prof. A. M. Allison left on Tuesday last for Orange City, Iowa, where he has secured a position as teacher in the public schools.

J. F. Rearick sold the home he now occupies to C. J. Finkle for a consideration of fifteen hundred dollars. Mr. Rearick intends locating elsewhere.

Mrs. Churchill, nee Adda Van Valzah, of St. Louis, spent a few days visiting Miss Mary Woods and other acquaintances.

Mrs. Ed. Ruhl accompanied by her three children, is visiting friends in Montgomery.

The Harrisburg party who were being entertained at the home of C. E. Zeigler for the past few weeks, left for their homes last Saturday. Before leaving they gave a Hard Time party for a number of their friends, entertaining them in Mr. Long's park.

Miss Anna Sowers left for Philadelphia some time ago, where she has secured employment as a dressmaker.

Boyd Auman has secured a position in Steubenville, Ohio, as a clerk. He left Monday morning.

Mrs. Condo and small son, of Howard, are visiting the former's sister, Mrs. Braucht.

W. H. Smith left on Tuesday morning for Harrisburg, to attend the Democratic State Convention in session there.

Jacob Bitner and sister, Miss Jennie, are visiting in Snow Shoe this week. They made the trip with horse and buggy driving only as far as Bellefonte the first day.

Miss Bella Jones and brother Hugh, of Altoona, are visiting their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. David Barree.

Will have quite a number of picnics within the next ten days. On Thursday the Reformed Sunday school will have one at Allison's sand spring; on Saturday the Lutherans will have theirs at the same place, and on Saturday of the following week the Evangelicals and United Evangelicals will hold a union picnic in Gentzel's grove a short distance up Georges Valley.

Wilbur Burkholder, of Bellefonte, was here last week reviewing his old hunting grounds. Mr. Burkholder was formerly assistant at this station, and while here was frequently on the war path.

Mrs. Margaret Ruhl and family left on Tuesday last to visit Mr. and Mrs. Willis Rishel, at Montgomery, both of whom formerly resided here. Mrs. Rishel is a daughter of David Ruhl, deceased.

George H. Lose, of Bellefonte, made a visit to this place last week, greeting his friends and enjoying himself among the hills of Penns Valley. Mr. Lose is very affable and agreeable, and a gentleman of fine personal appearance.

The $6000 bridge over Sinking Creek is about completed, with the exception of a little painting. No doubt the bridge will be accepted this week, when it will be duly opened for travel. It is pronounced the best bridge in the county.

The inclement weather of late has interfered very materially with the farmers. Many potatoes are still in the ground, and those that are out appear to be rapidly decaying. Evidently the crop will not be a very satisfactory one.

The venerable Charles Miller, who has been seriously ill for some time, does not improve. His condition is still precarious.

Our semi-annual half-price sale begins to-day,
MONTGOMERY & CO.,
Bellefonte, Pa.

Plum Grove.

Miss Maggie Kuhn spent Sunday at the home of her parents, at the Old Fort.

Still some oats to harvest and some to haul in; most of it would be away had not wet weather set in, and the chances are that some will spoil if the weather does not soon change.

Most farmers have considerable plowing to do yet on account of the oats being late.

Philip Auman had the misfortune to cut his arm badly, requiring eight stitches to close the wound. It was caused by a grain cradle falling from a nail, where it had previously been hung.

Wm. C. Custard and wife, of State College, visited at the home of Jacob Sharer last week.

Newton Shawley, of this place, and Miss Jessie Harshbarger, of Centre Hall, visited at the home of the former's parents at Axemann, last week.

The birthday surprise party at the home of W. H. Swartz, in honor of their daughter Miss Prudence, was a genuine surprise. There would have been more present had the weather been pleasant.

Misses Ada and Annie Weaver visited at the home of their parents one day last week.

Wm. Homan and wife spent Sunday among friends at Boalsburg.

The patrons all seem to be glad they have rural mail delivery.

George Sharer spent Sunday with his friend Wm. Keller, at Kellersville.

Miss Annie Carper and Mr. Shawley visited at the home of Jacob Sharer on Sunday.

Potters Mills.

That person had better not try to enter Mr. Beblehimer's cellar again, or he will get what he is not looking for.

D. J. Meyer and wife and Wit McCormick and wife passed through this place Sunday on their way to Reedsville.

Miss Anna Beblehimer has gone to Pottsville to attend school. All are sorry to have her leave.

The many friends of Miss Cordelia Acker are pleased that she has again returned to this place and the children are delighted to have their teacher back. Parents have no trouble to get their children to go to school, for which the teacher deserves much praise. The writer wishes her success.

The many friends of Mrs. Henry Sankey will be sorry to hear of her accident. She fell down the stone cellar steps and received some severe bruises, but no bones were broken.

Grandpa Stahl was in town Sunday to see his little granddaughter.

J. O. Stover and Clark Bible, who are employed at Burnham, spent Sunday at home.

Mrs. Wolf and Amelia Stover have returned from a visit to friends in Milroy.

Mrs. Cal. Ruhl is home from a visit to her mother at York.

New Jewelry Store.

Jewelry and silverware for sale. Repairing of watches a specialty. Work guaranteed. Eyes tested free. Best quality lenses. Dinges store room.

W. B. KRAPE.

A Remarkable Record.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has a remarkable record. It has been in use for over thirty years, during which time many million bottles have been sold and used. It has long been the standard and main reliance in the treatment of croup in thousands of homes, yet during all this time no case has ever been reported to the manufacturers in which it failed to effect a cure. When given as soon as the child becomes hoarse or even as soon as the croupy cough appears, it will prevent the attack. It is pleasant to take; many children like it. It contains no opium or other harmful substance and may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

Harris Township.

An interesting harvest service was held in the Lutheran church on Sunday. Next Sunday morning the harvest home will be celebrated in the Reformed church.

The people of the community are invited to a social on Thursday evening, Sept. 3rd, at the home of Wm. Gohean, given by the ladies of the Presbyterian church.

The sympathy of the people is extended to the Misses Sara and Clara Keller, who are mourning the death of their sister, Mrs. C. E. Rhone, at Los Angeles, Cal.

Edwin, only child of Solomon Lohr is sick with cholera infantum.

Thomas Riley is seriously ill.

Mrs. Amanda Fisher spent last week with her sister, Mrs. John Stuart, at State College, who has been seriously ill. Priscilla Stuart is staying with her this week.

Miss Anna Andes, who has been visiting here and enjoying the mountain scenery, returned to her home in Lancaster county.

Miss Phoebe Miller returned from a trip to Philadelphia and Atlantic City.

Mrs. John Fisher and two children, of Bellefonte, spent last week in Boalsburg.

Frank Sharp, of Philadelphia, visited in Shingletown.

James Thompson, of State College, transacted business here Monday.

F. W. Weber and J. Fortney attended court last week.

N. W. Meyer transacted business at Pine Grove Mills Saturday.

W. C. Meyer and wife, of the Branch were guests at Locust Grove farm on Sunday.

E. P. McIntyre, of the Mountain City, was entertained at the home of Mrs. Sara Rankin.

The schools will open Monday, 7th. R. B. Harrison will teach at Rock Hill. Edward Meyer will teach in the Academy at Bellefonte, and on Tuesday moved to that place.

There is sickness again among the cattle grazing in the Bear Meadows. The wet weather is supposed to be the cause of it.

Rebersburg.

The population of the town is rapidly being reduced to its normal condition by the many visitors leaving for their respective homes. Among those who left during the last week are: Rev. David Solly and family, Mr. and Mrs. Orvis Walker, Forest Ocker and family, S. S. Frank and family, Miss Tace Kreamer, Mrs. H. E. Jenkins and son, Edwin Nearhood and family.

Rev. H. B. Harman returned from his western trip much benefitted by his vacation.

Miss Alma Gramley entertained her cousin, Miss Heckman, from Lamar, over Sunday.

Among the young men who have returned from their summer's work are Messrs. Bruce Morris, Charles Weber, Curtis Weaver, Ammon Weaver, Lynn Emerick and Victor Brungart.

Charles Miller, who has been ill with typhoid fever, is again able to be out, and it is hoped he will continue to grow stronger.

Mrs. John Wolfe has been seriously ill for the last few weeks but at present is beginning to improve.

Messrs. T. E. Royer, Henry Meyer, Esq., and H. E. Royer made a business trip to Bellefonte on Monday.

Orvis Frank spent Sunday with friends in Selinsgrove.

T. A. Auman bought a valuable cow from J. N. Moyer last week.

Mrs. Phoebe Brungart fell while on her way home from church Sunday evening, and severely injured her limb.

On Monday Forest Emerick with his family, moved to Punxsutawnsy, where he will work in a freight office.

Prof. E. R. Brungart has gone to Mifflinburg, where he holds the principalship of the schools. Mrs. Brungart was unable to accompany him owing to the illness of her mother, Mrs. Wolfe.

Messrs. W. J. Carlin and Hon. Samuel Frank left on Tuesday for Harrisburg and Philadelphia, where they will spend a few days

J. B. Kreamer accompanied his daughter, Mrs. S. S. Frank, to Harrisburg on Tuesday.

Our semi-annual half-price sale begins to-day,
MONTGOMERY & CO.,
Bellefonte, Pa.

Farmers Mills.

Misses Katie and Rosie Armbruster returned from their trip to Atlantic City Saturday afternoon.

George Ream, of Sunbury, made a few calls in this community Sunday.

C. F. Hagen, of Beaver Dam, was home with his parents and friends over Sunday.

A. C. Homan, of Nittany, spent Sunday with his parents and friends.

W. F. Rishel and Samuel Frederick were out buying cattle Monday.

J. F. Hagen & Co., carpenters, are doing a rushing business.

The Fisher property sold Saturday was purchased by Samuel Frederick, for five thousand and ten dollars.

Call on J. H. Rishel for a fine line of general merchandise at reasonable prices.

Aaronsburg.

Geo. Whitmer accompanied by his brother and two sisters, of Salem, spent a few days with their uncle, Henry Philips.

Prof. W. T. Meyer and Miss Elsie Philips have left for Philadelphia to teach music.

Dr. D. Mingle and daughter Bessie, of Iowa, are paying a visit to the former's aged mother, at the home of E. G. Mingle.

Rev. J. A. Bright, of Topeka, Kan., preached a very interesting sermon to a large congregation in the Lutheran church Sunday evening.

Mrs. Allen Earhard, of Kansas, is spending a few days at the residence of Jessie Wert.

Mrs. Matilda Musser, of Bucyrus, Ohio, is visiting friends here.

Mrs. Anna Wyle, of Mifflinburg, was called to the home of B. W. Wyle, to nurse her daughter, Marie, who has been confined to her room for the past week. At present she is improving.

Prof. Edward Stover's have gone to housekeeping in Polly Stover's tenement house on Main street.

Mrs. Henry Walter, of Mifflinburg, spent a few days at the home of Geo. Weaver.

Matthew Swabb and bride, of Manor, spent their honeymoon with the groom's mother, Mrs. Swabb.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Detwiler, of Tusseyville, were seen at the home of Warren Winkleblech on Thursday.

C. A. Weaver and family, of Coburn, spent Sunday in town.

Lemont.

Robert U. Wasson departed for Bellefonte Monday evening, to be ready to take up his work in the schools at that place, which opened Tuesday.

The schools of College township will open Monday, Sept. 14.

Frank Bohn, one of our most enterprising farmers, had the ill luck of having his team run away while lifting potatoes, and in the mix up his right arm was broken and he was bruised considerable.

William Lytle, a highly respected old gentleman of this town, while watering his horse in spring creek one day last week, was thrown from the horse into the water and was almost drowned.

Henry F. Houtz and his good wife are rejoicing over the arrival of a nine pound baby boy.

Mrs. J. S. Herman and Miss Phoebe Miller have returned from their visit at the home of the former's daughter, Mrs. Maggie Longwell, of Phila., and report a pleasant visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Kerns, are rejoicing over the arrival of a fine daughter last week.

Smullton.

Henry Gentzel and family, of Sober, visited at the home of Mrs. Gentzel's father on Sunday.

Odis Wolf is quite ill with pneumonia. Charles Drumm, who has been sick for the last week is improving.

Mayme Wolf went to Lamar Monday.

John Waite and son, who were here to attend the funeral of his mother returned to their home at Smithport.

Cora Frazier and Mrs. Harry Stover and children, of Salona, are visiting at the home of Serene Harry.

Anna Harry, who spent a few weeks at Lock Haven, returned home.

Alma Gramley and her mother, of Rebersburg, were in town Monday.

Thad. Stover and Henry Smull went to Bellefonte Monday.

Beech.

The thresher was at Henry Lingle's Thursday last, but their gasoline engine did not work very well.

James Reeder has just finished cutting oats; he is a little behind the rest.

Miss Sadie Barger, of Milroy, returned to her home on Sunday, after a three weeks' visit with her brother, Miles J. Barger.

James Leitzel and father made a business trip to this place.

Mary Barger put the Decker school house in proper condition for the opening of school Monday.

David Lingle, of Decker Valley, was in this place Monday.

The festival was postponed on account of the rain.

Smithtown.

Smith Bros. are kept busy threshing through this section.

B. F. Frankenberger threshed ninety-seven bushels of wheat from three acres. Who can beat that?

Calvin Swartz is helping his brother Harvey, near Centre Hall. Now the work will move.

Sorry to say that W. F. Smith is no better at this writing.

C. H. Bressler says the plums are about past.

Charles Frankenberger would sell his horse if he could get his price.

Peaches are scarce.

His Life Saved by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

"B. L. Byer, a well known cooper of this town, says he believes Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy saved his life last summer. He had been sick for a month with what the doctors call billious dysentery, and could get nothing to do him any good until he tried this remedy. It gave him immediate relief," says B. T. Little, merchant, Hancock, Md. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

Oak Hall.

Misses Anna Dale, Marion and Laura Benner, Messrs. E. K. Smith, Edwin and Harry Benner attended the Odd Fellows picnic at Hunter's Park last Thursday and report a fine time.

Harvest Home services were held in the Lutheran church last Sunday at Boalsburg, and next Sunday they will be held in the Reformed church.

The citizens of Boalsburg will hold a picnic at Shingletown Saturday.

The postoffice was moved Tuesday to its new quarters in Mr. Close's store. Mr. Close is an obliging postmaster and no doubt will please all his patrons.

All are sorry to have Miss Anna Kline, who has been the efficient postmistress the past year, leave town and move to State College.

Charlie Kusterborder and family, of Roopsburg, spent last Sunday with his brother at this place.

Clem Dale, Esq., transacted business at this place Tuesday morning between trains.

S. J. Krader, Mountain View, Okl., writes that everything is progressing out there and he would like to have twenty-five trustworthy and honest men; carpenters, lumbermen, stonemasons, brick-layers, mill-wrights, teamsters, drillers, dynamite blasters, and millers.

Colyer.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry McClellan and family, of this place, and Rev. and Mrs. Wm. McClellan and daughter Grace, of Pleasant Unity, spent Sunday with friends and relatives at Reedsville.

Miss Emma Swartz and Mrs. James Moyer, of Tusseyville, are spending a week visiting friends at Pitcairn, Pittsburg and Niagara Falls.

Miss Fannie Bunnell, of Milroy, spent a few days this week with her friend, Miss Mary Moyer.

Miss Sudie Bottorf left Monday for Spring Mills, where she will be employed at the hotel.

Mrs. J. H. Moyer and daughter Blanche spent Tuesday at Spring Mills.

The public schools opened Monday with a fair attendance.

Jacob Royer and Mrs. Annie Kritzer spent Monday at Millheim.

From the Mifflinburg Times.

Mrs. Ed. Gramley and two little boys, of Rebersburg, are guests of Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Gramley on North Third street.

Prof. E. M. Brungart, principal of the Mifflinburg public schools, who has been summering at Rebersburg, arrived in town on Thursday and has again taken up his residence on Chestnut street. He was accompanied by his father who returned to Rebersburg the following day. Mrs. Brungart is detained in Rebersburg by the illness of her mother, Mrs. John Wolf, but is expected to join the Professor in a week or two.

Unclaimed Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the Centre Hall postoffice Sept. 1, 1903:

The Home College, Mrs. Christina Rishel, J. H. Gosner, Esq., H. H. Glosser, M. D.

Persons calling for the above will say they were advertised.

GEO. M. BOAL, P. M.

Mr. D. P. Daugherty, well known throughout Mercer and Sumner counties, W. Va., most likely owes his life to the kindness of a neighbor. He was almost hopelessly afflicted with diarrhoea; was attended by two physicians who gave him little, if any, relief, when a neighbor learning of his serious condition, brought him a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which cured him in less than twenty-four hours. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

. GARMAN'S .

Children's Misses' and Ladies' Parasols. The new line is shown.

10 cent Curtain Pole—Ash, Cherry and White.

6 yards of White Lace Beading in a pack—5 cents a pack.

More of those 25 cents a pair Sash Curtains.

Sash Rods 5 cents up.

98 cents for a first class Calico Wrapper.

Matting 12 1-2c to 30 cents.

The new styles in Shirt Waists Sets.

Porch Swings $2.50.

Voiles—Chevoits, Broadcloth, Mohair, Sicilians and the new fabric in large assortment.

Lace Striped Mohairs—Cream and Navy; some call it linen stitched—at 50 cents the yard.

All the new White Goods for wedding and commencement, from 15c to 75c the yard. The laces to go with in Normandy, Vals and Mechlins.

Pearl Buttons from 14 to 24 line, 2 dozen for 5 cents. Not one-half the regular price.

Dozen of new patterns in waistings.

. GARMAN'S .

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central Railway.

Time Table, in effect May 24, 1903.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON. EASTWARD.

7.28 a. m.—Train 64. Week days for Sunbury, Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 11.48 a. m., New York 2.03 p. m., Baltimore 12.10 p. m., Washington 1.15 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.25 a. m.—Train 30. Daily for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Harrisburg and intermediate stations. Week days for Scranton, Hazleton, and Pottsville. Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

.38 p. m.—Train 12. Weekdays for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.23 p. m., New York, 9.30 p. m., Baltimore, 6.00 p. m. Washington at 7.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and past senger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

4.45 p. m.—Train 32. Weekdays for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.20 p. m., New York 2.33 a. m., Baltimore 9.45 p. m., Washington 10.55 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.05 p. m.—Train 6. Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.25 a. m., New York at 7.13 a. m., Baltimore, 2.30 a. m., Washington, 4.05 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

WESTWARD.

5.23 a. m.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois, Bellefonte, and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleeper to Philadelphia.

10.00 a. m.—Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and weekdays for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 p. m.—Train 61. Weekdays for Kane, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Philadelphia.

5.36 p. m.—Train 1. Week days for Renovo Elmira and intermediate stations.

10.02 p. m.—Train 67. Weekdays for Williamsport and intermediate stations. Through Parlor Car and Passenger Coach for Philadelphia.

9.10 p. m.—Train 921 Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.
Week days.

Westward. P M	A.M.	STATIONS.	Eastward. A M	P M
1 38	5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 40
1 48	6 30	Lewisburg	9 05	4 30
1 55	6 38	Biehl	8 58	4 23
2 00	6 42	Vicksburg	8 53	4 18
2 08	6 50	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 10
2 20	7 02	Millmont	8 33	3 57
2 28	7 09	Glen Iron	8 26	3 49
2 59	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 20
3 10	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 10
3 16	7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 02
3 26	8 05	Rising Spring	7 35	2 54
3 32	8 11	Penn Cave	7 28	2 48
3 38	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	2 41
3 45	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 36
3 52	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 30
3 56	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 26
4 00	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 21
4 04	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 17
4 13	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 08
4 16	8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 05
4 20	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 00

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a. m, 7.25 a. m., 9.45 a. m, 1.15 5.25 and 7.50 p. m., returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.40, 9.30 a. m, 10.03 a. m. 5.00, 5.40 p m, and 8.07 p m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.26 and 10.01 a. m. and 4.46 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.28 a. m., 10.03 a m. and 4.48 p. m.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager
J. R. WOOD, Pass. Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Pass'r Agt.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table.

Read Down. No. 1	No 3	No 5	June 23, 1903.	Read Up. No 6	No 4	No 2
a. m	p.m.	p.m.	Lv. Ar.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.
†7 00	†2 40	†6 45	BELLEFONTE	9 25	5 15	9 35
7 11	2 51	6 56	Nigh	9 12	5 02	9 22
7 16	2 56	7 01	Zion	9 06	4 56	9 16
7 23	3 03	7 07	Hecla Park	9 00	4 50	9 10
7 25	3 05	7 09	Dunkles	8 58	4 48	9 07
7 29	3 09	7 13	HUBLERSBG	8 54	4 44	9 03
7 33	3 13	7 17	Snydertown	8 50	4 40	8 59
7 35	3 15	7 19	Nittany	8 47	4 37	8 56
7 37	3 17	7 21	Huston	8 44	4 34	8 53
7 41	3 21	7 25	LAMAR	8 41	4 31	8 50
7 43	3 23	7 27	Clintondale	8 38	4 28	8 47
7 47	3 27	7 31	Krider's S'n g.	8 33	4 23	8 43
7 51	3 31	7 35	Mackeyville	8 28	4 18	8 38
7 57	3 37	7 41	Cedar Springs	8 22	4 12	8 32
8 00	3 40	7 44	Salona	8 20	4 10	8 30
8 05	3 45	7 50	MILL HALL	†8 15	†4 05	†8 25
11 45	8 40		Jersey Shore	3 22		7 40
12 20	9 10	Arr.	Wm'PO'T Lve	†2 50		†7 10
†12 29	11 39	Lve	Wm'PO'T Arr.	2 30		
			(Philad. & Reading Ry.)			
7 30	6 50		PHILA	†8 36		11 36
10 40	9 02		NEW YORK	†4 25		7 50
			(Via Philad.)			
10 40			Ar New York Lv	4 00		
			(Via Tamaqua)			
P. M.	P. M.					

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.
To take effect May 25, 1896.

EASTWARD. 12½	8½	2½	STATIONS.	WESTWARD. 1½	7½	11½
PM	PM	AM	Ar. Lv.	AM	AM	PM
6 30	1 10	8 45	Bellefonte	6 20	10 20	4 21
6 20	1 02	8 40	Coleville	6 37	10 37	4 56
6 16	12 58	8 37	Morris	6 40	10 42	4 39
6 10	12 54	8 35	Whitmer	6 44	10 47	4 33
6 05	12 49	8 31	Hunters	6 50	10 55	4 28
6 02	12 46	8 28	Fillmore	6 53	10 56	4 42
5 57	12 41	8 24	Brisly	7 00	11 02	4 47
5 53	12 37	8 20	Waddle	7 05	11 05	4 52
5 50	12 35	8 18	Scotia Crossing	7 08	11 08	4 54
5 36	12 26	8:	Krumrine	7 17	11 20	5 0g
5 33	12 24	8 04	Struble	7 20	11 24	5 0
5 31	12 22	8 02	Inn	7 28	11 28	5 1
5 30	12 20	8 00	State College	7 30	11 30	5 1

Morning trains from Montandon, Williamsport Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 7 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg and Tyrone connect with Train No. 11 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penns. R. R. trains at Bellefonte.

Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

Why Pay Rent or the Current Rate of Interest
When the
HomeCo-Operative Company a Co-partnership
will furnish you the money to buy a home, or pay the mortgage off, and give you
Ten Years and Five Months To pay it back at the Rate of $8.50, per Month, With Interest at 3 Per Cent. Per Annum
on the graduating scale, which amounts to 1⅝ per cent. simple interest on amount. Strict investigation courted. I am also agent for the
Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York
The largest in the World. You cannot afford to insure your life until you see me. Write or call on the General Agent for full particulars. Any information required will be given.
Edwin K. Smith
General Agent
Oak Hall Sta., Pa.

NIAGARA FALLS EXCURSION.

Low-Rate Vacation Trips via Pennsylvania Railroad.

September 4 and 18, October 2 and 16 are the remaining dates for the popular ten-day excursions to Niagara Falls from Washington and Baltimore, via Pennsylvania Railroad. On these dates the special train will leave Harrisburg 11.40 a. m., Sunbury 12.58 p. m., Williamsport 2.30 p. m., Lock Haven 3.08 p. m.

Excursion tickets, good for return passage on any regular train, exclusive of limited express trains, within ten days will be sold at $8 50 from Harrisburg; $7.80 from Altoona; $7.40 from Tyrone; $6.45 from Bellefonte; $6.90 from Sunbury, and, at proportionate rates from principal points. A stop-over will be allowed at Buffalo within limit of ticket returning.

The special trains of Pullman parlor cars and day coaches will be run with each excursion running through to Niagara Falls. An extra charge will be made for parlor-car seats.

An experienced tourist agent and chaperon will accompany each excursion.

For descriptive pamphlet, time of connecting trains, and further information apply to nearest ticket agent, or address Geo. W. Boyd, General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia. osep17

Write Grant Hoover for prices on nsurance. ooo

Over-Work Weakens Your Kidneys.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

All the blood in your body passes through your kidneys once every three minutes.

The kidneys are your blood purifiers, they filter out the waste or impurities in the blood.

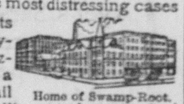
If they are sick or out of order, they fail to do their work.

Pains, aches and rheumatism come from excess of uric acid in the blood, due to neglected kidney trouble.

Kidney trouble causes quick or unsteady heart beats, and makes one feel as though they had heart trouble, because the heart is over-working in pumping thick, kidney-poisoned blood through veins and arteries.

It used to be considered that only urinary troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all constitutional diseases have their beginning in kidney trouble.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root,** the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghampton, N. Y., on every bottle.

PUBLIC SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY—The undersigned, executor of Mrs. Jane R. Van Valzah, deceased, late of Spring Mills, Centre county, Pa., will expose to public sale at the Public Hall, Spring Mills, Pa., near the Presbyterian church, on

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1903, 10 A. M.

the following described articles of personal property: Handsome set of parlor furniture, piano, side board, two walnut bed room sets, two common bed room sets, marble top bureau, marble top stand, parlor carpet, hat rack, jardiniere, clock, bath cabinet, six large chairs, four china toilet sets, china cabinet, settee, five tables, cot, sewing machine, sitting room carpet, extension table, stair carpet, four mattresses, four feather beds, lot of pillows and bolsters, book case, two desks, six dining room chairs, six hair cloth chairs, two reclining chairs, one dozen cane seated chairs, commode, six curtain poles, two sets of handsome china dishes and a large lot of miscellaneous dishes, parlor and other lamps, table covers, mirrors, cradle, lot of bedding, kitchen and cooking utensils, lot of garden tools, books, crockery, jars, besides numerous other articles of household and kitchen furniture, useful and ornamental.

Terms will be made known on day of sale.

LAIRD H. BARBER, Executor
Musch Chunk, Pa.

FARM AT PRIVATE SALE—The undersigned offer for sale the farm belonging to the estate of Wm. Goodhart, deceased, containing EIGHTY-THREE ACRES, 73 of which are cleared and in good state of cultivation; good buildings and an orchard of the choicest fruit; This place is beautifully located along the Lewisburg pike, midway between Old Fort and Spring Mills, and near the L. & T. R. R.—will be sold on reasonable terms.

MRS. MARY J. GOODHART, Spring Mills
Aug. 27 G. L. GOODHART, Centre Hall Pa.

GOOD FARM FOR SALE containing one hundred thirty acres, situate in College Township, Centre County, Pa., belonging to the estate of Jonathan Tressler, deceased, and which was lately occupied by Isaac Tressler, now also deceased. Good buildings, good supply of water, good orchard, etc. Terms moderate.

JOSEPH TRESSLER, Pleasant Gap,
DANIEL TRESSLER, Linden Hall,
Fortney & Walker, Attorneys, Executors.
Bellefonte, Pa., Aug. 20, 1903. tf.

FARM FOR SALE—The undersigned offers at private sale the Sankey Homestead, one mile east of Potters Mills, containing one hundred and forty acres, twenty acres of which is timbered. Good buildings, fruit, etc. This farm is in a good state of cultivation, and is well adapted to the growing of all the staple crops. The farm is well suited for a stock farm.

MRS. HENRY P. SANKEY,
August 13, 1903. 4t. Potters Mills, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Susan Hains, late of Gregg township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

WM. P. HOSTERMAN, Administrator,
Aug. 13, 6t. Penn Hall, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Wm. Goodhart, late of Gregg twp., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, she would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. MRS. MARY J. GOODHART,
Aug. 6. Administratrix.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of James J. Price, late of Harris township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. ROBERT CONDO,
Administrator, Boalsburg, Pa.

FIRE AT WOODWARD.

Two Stables, Buggy Shed and Outbuildings Burned.

Tuesday night at about nine o'clock fire broke out in the stable of Samuel Motz, at Woodward, and in a short time it consumed it, together with its contents.

Adjoining this stable, with but an ordinary partition, stood the stable of James Weaver, which was almost as quickly burned.

From this stable the fire spread to the wagon and buggy shed on the farm of the J. C. Motz estate. This too was reduced to ashes.

Samuel Motz's loss is estimated at about $700. This includes with the stable, two head of cattle, implements, etc.

Most of the implements and movable property was saved in the Weaver stable, reducing the loss to about $500.

The large barn of the Motz estate and the dwelling house of J. Orndorf were in constant danger of being wiped out of existence. Calm weather and an effective bucket brigade was all that saved these buildings.

The fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin.

Will Go to California.

J. Frank Rearick, of Spring Mills, sold his house and lot at that place, to Calvin J. Finkle, also of Spring Mills, for $1500. Mr. Finkle will occupy the premises after October 1st.

Mr. Rearick and family, some time this fall, will go to California, locating at Passadena, where they will make their future home.

Eagles at Bellefonte.

The meeting of the Susquehanna District Association, Knights of the Golden Eagle, to be held in Bellefonte Monday, will attract a great many people—Eagles and others. The southern portion of Centre county will be largely represented. The castles at Spring Mills and Millheim are in a flourishing condition, and will make a good showing in the line of march.

Democratic State Convention.

The Democratic State Convention at Harrisburg Wednesday placed the following ticket in nomination: Senator Arthur G. Dewalt, of Lehigh, auditor general. Senator Joel G. Hill, of Wayne, state treasurer. Former Judge Calvin M. Relburn, of Armstrong, represents the western portion of the state for judge of the superior court, and John A. Ward, of Philadelphia, the eastern part.

George B. Jack Dead.

George B. Jack died at his home at Rushville, Nebraska, on the 21st of August. He was born in Boalsburg sixty-two years ago, and was educated in the public school and the Boalsburg Academy.

Soon after the close of the civil war he was married to Priscilla Johnson. He was engaged in the mercantile business with his father until the former's death after which he continued in the business a few years then moved to Nebraska in '86.

During the last year he was subject to heart trouble and the last few months he became worse and had great difficulty in breathing, so that his family feel that death was a relief. He is survived by his wife, three sons and one daughter, also one brother and three sisters.

LOCALS

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Brown, of Milroy, were in town several days this week.

J. B. Strohm, of Centre Hill, is able to be about again after having been ill with typhoid fever.

The Hagens Monday of next week, will begin to erect a dwelling house for Merchant Wieland at Linden Hall.

J. M. Homan, of near State College, last week bought the Croyl Mansion at State College. The price paid was $3000.

Mrs. Josiah Dale Saturday returned from Philipsburg and Munson. Her son Hoffer Dale is temporarily located at the latter place.

Rev. and Mrs. W. H. Schuyler and daughter, Miss Eloise, are in attendance at the Christian Endeavor Convention which is in session at Milesburg.

Merchant W. H. Meyer, of Centre Hall, Tuesday afternoon went to Harrisburg in order to be on hand Wednesday to attend the Democratic State Convention.

John D. Moore, of near Centre Hall, offers at private sale two colts, one two years old in May, and the other one year old in May. They are in good condition and are correct in every way.

Gable & Co., in another column advertise that they will have an exhibit at the Encampment and Exhibition. That firm last year sold many goods, and expect to be better supplied this year with seasonable goods.

Mr. and Mrs. L Ray Morgan, of State College, are in town. The Morgans will move from State College to Philipsburg, and are here until their car of furniture and household goods reaches its destination. Mr. Morgan, with his parents, moved from Philipsburg to State College about fourteen years ago to take advantage of the educational facilities of State.

Centre Reporter $1.00 a year.

AN INVITATION TO VISIT
OUR DISPLAY AND EXHIBIT
AT THE

GRANGE PICNIC AND EXHIBITION

CENTRE HALL, SEPT. 12-18.

We will have an exhibit on the grounds that will be fully as interesting as that of a year ago, when so many thousands of people visited our booth. Included in the collection of goods will be an elaborate assortment of the latest styles in

Ladies' Dress
AND ....
Walking Skirts

Dress Goods, Silks and Shoes

AS WELL AS A GOOD DISPLAY OF
WRAPPERS, LINENS, TABLE COVERS, CALICOES
PERCALES, ETC, ETC.

All Goods will be
FOR SALE
At our well known
LOW PRICES.

PURE AND FRESH CANDIES
AT 10 and 20 CENTS PER LB.
Worth 20 and 40 Cents. . r . . . .

We invite you to visit our booth during the Picnic. 'Twill be a good opportunity to buy reliable goods at Department Store Prices. . . . . .

GABLE & CO.,
OF ALTOONA.

LOCALS.

W. H. Stiver, of this place, last week visited his sister, Mrs. S. W. Barr, at Tyrone.

J. W. Smith, the dairyman, has been partially disabled during the past week on account of having struck his knee with the tines of a pitch fork.

Miss Verna Durst is acting supply for Miss Edna Murray in the Bell telephone exchange. The latter is at present enjoying her vacation.

Arthur Slutterbeck, of Tusseyville, and George H. Ripka, of Centre Hill, both young farmers who are making things move, were callers at this office this week.

Mrs. W. H. Runkle, of York, is making her first visit to Centre Hall since leaving the Centre Hall hotel over three years ago. She will remain for several weeks.

Charley Knapp, of near Pine Grove Mills, while holding a team of horses during a thunder storm, was thrown against a vehicle with such force that his arm was broken.

District No. 11 of the W. F. M. S., of Huntingdon Presbytery, is arranging to hold a meeting in the Presbyterian church of Centre Hall, on the eleventh of October. Particulars will be given later.

Frank Bowersox, one of the most successful farmers of Rock Springs, has decided to retire from a life of activity and seek a well deserved rest. His son-in-law, T. D. Gray, will operate the farm next season.

George Krise, of Chicago, Illinois, son of Prof. W. A. Krise, is here on a brief visit. He is engaged with a large steam-fitting firm, and was sent to the western part of the state to install a steam plant in a private dwelling.

Rev. Elkanah Duck, Friday returned from Germany where he completed a two years' course in the Berlin University of Theology. Rev. Duck is a graduate of Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg; later he took a course in a New York theological institution, where he won the Berlin prize. He will remain at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Duck, Spring Mills, until he accepts a Presbyterian charge.

Daniel Daup, of near Potters Mills, sold a little bunch of hogs and cattle that leads one to think that the old threadworn statement "that farming don't pay," is more or less false. Mr. Daup is a good stock feeder, and the sale referred to above comprised six March pigs, the combined weight of which was 1146 pounds. The pigs at six cents per pound added to the receipts for a fine cow and heifer, summed up to $158.94.

Smith, the Photographer.

W. W. Smith will be at his studio in this place Friday, 4th inst.

Marriage Licenses.

Jasper N. Holt, Fleming.
Bella M. Stere, Fleming.
Zenas Hoover, Julian.
Almeda Hoover, Fleming.
Simon Shilling, Bellefonte.
Blanche Hampton, Bellefonte.
Ike G. Nelson, Alport.
Margaret Combe, Philipsburg.
J. Cloyd Brooks, Centre Hall.
Anna G. Breon, Centre Hall.
Calvin G. Spitler, Sandy Ridge.
Nora Kennedy, Sandy Ridge.

Our semi-annual half-price sale begins to-day,
MONTGOMERY & CO.,
Bellefonte, Pa.

Coburn.

H. S. Snyder, of Rutherton, was home over Sunday.

The C. T. U. held a meeting Monday evening.

George Stover returned to Hosterman, W. Va., last week after several weeks' stay with his grandmother.

Stanley Burd left for Winbur to visit his parents.

Miss Elsie Kerstetter is staying at the home of her uncle, Jacob Kerstetter.

The Coburn band will hold a festival on Saturday evening, to which all are invited.

Fairbrook.

Mrs. Sallie Bloom, of Nebraska, is visiting relatives here.

Prof. S. C. Miller and family left for their home at Norwood last week.

Rev. Barger, of Pittsburg, will preach in the Presbyterian church next Monday and Tuesday evenings.

Mrs. J. B. Heberling, who has been on the sick list for some weeks, is improving.

Grandmother Koch, of Buffalo Run, is visiting her son Amos.

Grandmother Lutts, who was reported as being at death's door last week, is improving.

Stomach Trouble.

"I have been troubled with my stomach for the past four years," says D. L. Beach, of Clover Nook Farm, Greenfield, Mass. "A few days ago I was induced to buy a box of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. I have taken part of them and feel a great deal better." If you have any trouble with your stomach try a box of these Tablets. You are certain to be pleased with the results. Price 25 cents. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

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New Shoes and Rubber Goods are always in demand. All the styles and kinds, except poor ones, just in . . . . . .

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For a bilious attack take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and a quick cure is certain. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson; Potters Mills.

FARM AND GARDEN

PARTIAL SOILING.

Farmers generally and dairymen in particular do not seem to realize the importance of supplying proper food during midsummer when the pastures are almost invariably short. This shortage comes at a critical time for dairymen, as it is when the weather is hot and the flies excessively troublesome. The result is a shrinkage in flow of milk, and it is practically impossible to restore the original flow during that period of lactation. This is the season of the year when the question of partial soiling should be considered in connection with plans for the summer's work. A pasture will carry much more stock during spring, early summer and fall than it will in the dry weather of midsummer. By helping it out during this season with partial soiling, the stock not only have better feed, but more stock can be carried on a given area than by pasturing alone. Feed may be supplied in two ways, either by growing some crop that can be pastured off by turning on the cows a short time each day or by cutting the crop and hauling to the cows. The former method is the more economical in labor, but there is greater waste of feed and it requires either a small field or some temporary fencing. Alfalfa makes an excellent crop for partial soiling, especially for dairy cows. It can be cut when needed during the summer and by the time the piece is cut over once the portion cut first will have grown up so that it can be cut again. In this way continuous feed can be supplied at all times from the same land with the same kind of crop and without different seeding or cultivation. Another advantage alfalfa has is that whatever is not needed for soiling may be made into excellent hay and utilized in this way. I would strongly advise dairy farmers to try an acre or two of alfalfa, as the results gotten by Dr. Hopkins and published in bulletin 76 of this station, indicate that if properly managed alfalfa will yield eight tons of hay on most Illinois soils. If pastures are short and no allowance has been made for green feed corn should be cut from the regular crop if it will bear the roasting ear stage, as it will bring the best returns Never under any consideration allow the stock to go hungry and suffer the losses incident to shortened feed at the time which is for every reason the most trying to live stock.—W. J. Fraser, University of Illinois, in Farmers' Review.

HUMUS AND MOISTURE.

Decayed vegetable matter is humus. To have a good soil we must have a supply of vegetable matter in it. The chief advantage in this is in enabling the soil to hold water to a greater degree than would be the case did it not contain water. The eastern gardeners have been surprised sometimes to find that their soils would not respond to commercial fertilizers and that the land was becoming apparently very subject to drouth. The trouble was that the humus had been exhausted by year after year growing crops upon it by the help of commercial fertilizers without putting on a particle of barnyard manure or turning under green crops. At the Minnesota experiment station tests were made on soils with a good supply of humus and those with little, as to water content. On one soil the humus was found to be 3.35 per cent. all. The water content was 16.48 per cent. The other soil contained 2.5 per cent. of humus, and the water content was 12.14 per cent. of the total. This difference has been figured out as about a quart of water per cubic foot of soil, which would mean over 10,000 gallons to the acre. In a dry season this difference would be a very great factor in the maturing of the crop.

Plants do not eat; they drink. All food is taken in a liquid condition. If the water is absent the plant starves. The humus supply is therefore of prime importance in the developing of our farm crops. There is another great advantage in having a soil rich in humus and that is that the soil does not give off its water so rapidly as do soils where the humus is wanting. The roots go after the food and moisture and get them, but the water does not so rapidly pass to the surface of the ground. The humus acts as a sub-earth mulch, if such a term be allowable. It hinders the pumps of the sun and wind from taking moisture out of the soil, but helps them to take the moisture from leaves of plants, which method is serviceable to man.

At the station mentioned the two soils were saturated with the same amount of water and exposed to the sun and wind for ten hours. At the end of that time the soil with the largest amount of humus contained 6.12 per cent. of its water, while the other soil contained only 3.94 per cent. —Farmers' Review.

ORCHARD GRASS.

I have grown orchard grass for about 15 years, both for grazing and mowing, and find it has proved very accommodating in old fields, for it holds out well and when the other grasses have died out, will stool and endeavor to fill the gap. Then, when by favorable season, or application of fertilizers, the other grasses are given a more vigorous start, the orchard grass has retired to closer quarters, and with its abundant leaf growth from the root, made a bottom that piles up hay behind the mower. In fact this habit is what makes it valuable, with late maturing grasses, as it ripens its seed several weeks in advance.

If not sown thicker than one-half bushel seed per acre, with the other seeding, the heading salk will be of small value compared with the leaf growth, which remains fresh and palatable till late fall. When sown alone two or three bushels of seed per acre should be used.

Two years since I seeded a plot, which was intended to lie for two seasons, with red clover and orchard grass alone. The dry weather was too severe for the clover, and burned off most of the young plants when 1 to 2 inches high, leaving only orchard grass. The following season, being short of hay for my horses in June, I cut the piece of orchard grass when in bloom, and began feeding as soon as cured.

Unlike most green hay, instead of shrinking my horses, they promptly began to put on flesh with their usual feed of grain, old timothy and red top hay and regular work. In fact they gained so rapidly that I gradually took away their grain altogether, and on that new orchard grass hay without grain, they kept in better condition and showed more life at usual farm work than with the other hay and grain combined. This pleased me so that when my orchard grass was ready to cut last season, I began at once to feed it to horses with the same satisfactory results as before. For land in pastures which I am reseeding, I always make it a prominent proportion of the seed.—A. J. Hamm, in American Agriculturist.

FEEDING HORSES.

In caring for work horses I like to give them a drink of water the first thing in the morning, then some hay, and finally their grain the last thing before going to breakfast. By letting them eat hay awhile before feeding the grain, they are not quite so hungry, and will not eat so fast. If there is something in the stomach the grain seems to digest better. The horse will do more and remain in better condition if worked steadily with short stops, than he will if hurried and allowed to stand still long at a time. The last half hour before quitting time, he should have short stops often, then when he gets to the stable he can have some water. At noon give hay while the driver gets his dinner, then water and feed the grain. Give a little water when they go out to work if they want it.

At the night the horses should have some water when they come in. Then give hay and afterward more water before they have their grain. If one does not feed the same at each feeding the horses should have the largest amount at night when they are going to have a long rest. I may seem overcaustious about giving water but the horse wants plenty of it, only not too much at a time. If you will watch horses in the yard you will see them go and drink often and take a little at a time. In feeding horses one should watch each animal, as the same rule will not apply to all.—W. W. Morrison in Orange Judd Farmer.

TRAIN THE CHICKENS.

The nautral instincts of fowls prompts them to roost high above the ground, not for sanitary reasons, but to be out of harm's way, where they cannot be molested by marauders which prowl about at night, ready to pounce on them for their suppers.

For this reason the young chicks soon make their way to the fenece top and from there to the tree tops, and when once they have acquired the habit it is very hard to break them.

They soon develop crooked breast bones and bumble foot, or, worse still catch cold, which in time changes to croup, and all our work is wasted.

They should be compelled to roost on the ground, in or near their coops, until they are four months old, after which they should be taught to go to the house, and for them a separate one should be built.

They should not be compelled to fight for places on the roost with old fowls, but should have a quiet place all by themselves. A house like that described elsewhere will accommodate a hundred or more chickens until the pullets begin to lay.—Home and Farm.

Improving the Breed of Cats.

The very latest wrinkle in the cat world is the breeding of short-haired cats, just the common or garden variety of cats. It is marvelous what a few short generations of care and breeding will do for poor pussy, who takes her outing on the alley wall or moans about the door of some deserted house. After scant joys and many hardships she is at last to see high life. She is to be bred for the same points as the Persian.

The threads of silk made from wool in Germany have 18 strands, a single one of which is hardly visible to the naked eye. Real silk is two-thirds stronger.

WOMAN'S WORLD.

CALLED A "SCARF."

You hear murmurs of chit-chat now and then concerning the disappearance of the shawl, even as a wrap upon summer piazzas and of cool evenings at the shore. It is true that there are a great many smart jackets of naval or military type, and that the girl who has a smart pea jacket in "admiral blue," with handsome navy buttons obtained from her "friend" on a flagship, will naturally be inclined to wear this instead of an all-enveloping fuzzy shawl.

Three-quarter coats and half-long coats in black taffeta silk or pale colored cloth are gladly displayed by the fortunate possessors.

But all this does not mean that the shawl has been driven out of fashion. Far from it.

Many a shawl is worn under the name of a scarf. The crepe de chine "scarf" is a fine shawl, no longer made in the square shape, it is true, but woven double length and so always worn in a double fold. The colors of the crepe de chine scarf are very beautiful. Rose lilac, mauve, violet, porcelain blue, vivid poppy red, dark blue, ivory white, tan, dull green and Quaker gray and black. The black scarf, strange to say, is not so much a success as the true colors. The openwork scarf of heavy lace is lined with some contrasting color. These, however, are never called shawls. Fashion prefers to call them stoles.

These are a few examples of piazza wraps worn in a "cold change."—Philadelphia Record.

NUTRITION AND EXPENSE.

A common mistake people make is in purchasing expensive foods when cheaper ones would serve the purpose as well, if not better. The general impression seems to be that the costlier foods are better in some peculiar way

On the other hand, the desire to economize is often unaccompanied with a knowledge of how to do it. Many housekeepers are really desirous of economizing, but they think it necessary to use steak at 20 cents a pound, when the same amount of nourishment could be had from a cheaper cut.

The whole difficulty is the ignorance of the simple principles of nutrition. The saying that the best is the cheapest does not apply to foods. The price paid for expensive food is not for the food itself, but for its appearance or its rarity.

The plain, substantial, standard foods—meat, fish, flour, cornmeal, oatmeal, beans and potatoes—are just as digestible and as nutritious as are any of the more expensive articles of diet.

High-priced foods merely cater to a fastidious appetite and take the place of skillful cooking and tasteful serving of the simpler ones at home. The evil can be remedied by a better understanding of the elementary laws underlying nutrition.

Economy, unlike some less worthy practice, should be more honored in the observance than in the breach.—American Queen.

SHOPPING IN ITALY.

An Italian once became so indiscreet as to be frank, and admitted that there were three prices in Italy—one for the Continental, one for the English, and one for the American. He did not state which price was the highest, nor need the humble scribe; the superfluous is only for space writing.

To an American, haggling over prices embodies both the bitter and the sweet; the mere act of bargaining is a blow to his self-respect, but to bargain successfully is a direct appeal to his keen speculative instinct. Shopping in Italy has the charm of novelty, and besides that inducement, it is an agreeable sensation to the American woman to feel that even the highest Italian price is less than the lowest one of her country. By this is meant good laces and embroideries—indeed, hand-work of all kinds; gloves, silk stockings, but not silk itself, unless it is of that kind known as Roman; the products of the goldsmith and silversmith; coral shell, glass, wood-carving, and many pretty baubles which make inexpensive gifts. Strangely enough, underwear is ungainly or expensive, cloth, of course, not to be considered, and the purchase of ready-made clothing a sure road to tears and regret. In "the States" only have the ready-made garments reached a satisfactory result in fit and price.—Louise C. Hale, in Harper's Bazar.

DAINTY CHATELAINE BAG.

The chatelaine bag, without the chatelaine hook, and topped with a strong gilt or silvered chain, is much like the "reticule" of Dickens' period and mentioned in his books. The old-fashioned reticue was usually longer than it was high. Both these shapes are seen in the beautiful bags made of beaded embroidery in the old-fashioned "cross" or samplet stitches.

A beauty has a ground of white alternating in clear glass and opaque milk-white beads. This is powdered with single violets worked in shaded mauve and purple beads, and with a tiny addition of foliage and green stem with each. This bag is mounted with gilt, and has a long gilt chain.

Small pink rosebuds conventionalized are sprinkled on a bag which has a ground-work of solid beading in dove gray. This shows silver mounts. Rose-gold mounts and rose-copper mounts and chains are used with white and parti-colored beaded bags. The yellow bags look best with gilded mounts. The blue and green beaded bags are frequently mounted with silver.

Some beads are made of china, some of glass, others of metallic gilt, steel or silvered substance.

ATHLETICS FOR THE EYES.

That there should be special exercises—athletics, if you will—for the eyes, remarks the New York Sun, is perhaps a novel idea to many. But it is said that one way to strengthen the eyes is to turn them alternately upward and downward as far as possible twenty times in succession. Do this slowly. Next turn the eyes on the level from right to left, repeating as before. Turn them to the upper left corner, and then to the lower right corner. Then alternate the motion from the upper right corner of the lower left corner, and repeat. Conclude these exercises by rolling the eyes around, first to the right, then to the left, in the extreme limit of the muscular extensions. Be very careful when performing the exercises not to strain the muscles.

* * *

The eyes should be bathed every night before retiring to remove any dust that might have gathered on the lids during the day. Cold water should be used, although lukewarm water is good occasionally. Open the lids and let the water bathe the eye-balls. Wipe them with a soft towel, taking care to rub toward the nose. This motion has a tendency to remove any foreign matter.

* * *

To preserve the round shape of the eye-balls occasionaly rub them gently, and always toward the nose. As one grows older the eyeballs have a tendency to become flat. Gentle rubbing or massage helps to preserve the shape.

* * *

If the lids are inflamed by cold or study a little rose water is good for bathing them. Cold weak tea, weak salt water and warm milk are also good for occasional use. The milk should be diluted with water.

* * *

Bathing with equal parts of witch hazel and water is very restful to the eyes. Another plan is to bathe the eyes with warm water in which is dissolved a pinch of powdered borax and two or three drops of spirits of camphor.

* * *

A soft linen cloth, which is employed for no other purpose, is better to use when bathing the eyes than a sponge.

* * *

The eyes should never be used when they are tired or weak from illness nor should they be exposed to a strong light at any time. The light should always fall on the work or book from over the left shoulder.

DELICIOUS DESSERTS.

The small boy probably can sympathize better than any one else with the "first lady" and her apple eating. He knows the joy and also the many and diverse consequences of such an act. At any rate, our pretty ancestress knew a good thing when they saw it and chose a remarkably delicious fruit wherewith to fall.

* * *

The food value of the apple is very great. It contains carbon, hydrogen and oxygen, sugar, and a valuable laxative acid. The ratio of sugar to acid varies greatly in the different varieties. They are rich in vegetable jelly and are adapted to endless uses of the cuisine, besides affording a delicious dessert fruit.

The stock that now reigns supreme in washable stuffs will also be first favorite among heavier autumn neck pieces.

Taffeta is to be much used for autumn stocks in a great variety of styles, ornamented with lace, self-stitching, bebe velvet ribbon, odd touches of gilt and other metallic braids and gilt buttons.

The extended fringe vogue that is heralded for the coming season is noted on a number or smart stocks, with their long front tab, embellished with fringe or knotted tassels.

Floral fans in paper are a dainty novelty and are not as clumsy and overdone as those of yester-year.

Only the plainest hats require veils by way of trimming.

Shirred ribbon frills laid flat on a hat are very smart.

Little chiffon turn-over collars are on view, but are not apt to become more popular in the autumn than they have been since their introduction several months ago. They do not launder.

Gathered stocks of chiffon or maline with a large bow in the back, are new and effective.

HOUSEHOLD.

FOR THE LITTLE ONE.

Give the baby and each child a bed to himself. Let the sleeping rooms be cool, clean and as devoid of furniture as possible. Loosen the child's clothing at the neck, waist and arms, and keep his head uncovered. The body is continually throwing off poisonous vapors through the skin, so if the head is covered the child will breathe the bad air during the night.

The average child suffers more from overfeeding and overdressing than from anything else. Wiping the lips of a crying child with cold water will often soothe and refresh him.—American Queen.

IN PLACE OF SOAP.

Almond meal is used by many in place of soap on the face, as it is said to make the complexion soft, smooth and fine. Here is a formula for making it: Three ounces of blanched and powdered sweet almonds, one-half ounce of powdered castile soap, two ounces of powdered orris, two ounces of wheat flour, one-half ounce of pure borax, five drops of oil of bitter almonds, one dram of oil of bergamot one-half dram of tincture of musk. Sift well, throwing away all coarse particles.

STEAMED SOUFFLE.

Bring a pint of milk and a pint of cream, mixed, to boiling point, add two ounces of castor sugar, two ounces of butter, and two ounces of flour, mixed with two ounces of rice flour, and passed through a sieve. Stir with a wooden spoon over the fire till the mixture is thick and leaves the sides of the saucepan. Let it cool, stir in the yolks of three eggs, half a pint of berry puree and a few drops of chochineal. Beat the whites to a stiff froth, adding a pinch of salt before commencing to whisk. Stir the froth gently to the other ingredients, pour into a buttered souffle tin, cover with buttered paper, and steam for three-quarters of an hour. Turn out very carefully, and serve with raspberry or blackberry syrup.—New York Commercial-Advertiser.

PARAFFINE PAPER.

One of the handiest things to have in the pantry is a roll of paraffine paper in fair sized sheets, writes Annabel Lee, in Good Housekeeping. I use it to cover over jelly, cutting out a circle a trifle larger than the jelly surface and pressing it closely over the top of the jelly, then gluing a larger circle of strong white paper over the top of the glass. When ice cream is frozen and ready to pack in a mould, a sheet of paraffine paper makes the tin both water and air-tight. In steaming a fruit pudding or brown bread a circle of this paper is shut into the cover of the tin. Paraffine paper is useful to put around dried beef, salt fish, butter or cheese, keeping out the air and preventing odors from escaping or entering the package. Before croquettes are rolled into shape it is an excellent plan to spread a sheet of the paper over the cooling mixture to prevent a hard crust from forming. In candy making, paraffine paper is indispensable to wrap around the sticky sweetmeats. For a picnic lunch, this paper serves to keep sandwiches moist and to prevent pickles from flavoring everything near them. If a frosted cake is to be packed and sent any distance, a sheet of paraffine will save the frosting. By using a sharp pencil and paraffine paper an embroidery design may be transferred. When flowers are to be sent away, they will keep fresh for some time if well sprinkled, placed in a box and wrapped in paraffine paper. The best kind of paper is that used by confectioners, as it is strong and well coated with wax. The cheaper kind, often used to wrap around cakes of butter, is thinner and not so adaptable to household uses.

RECIPES.

Fish Macaroni.—Chop two cupfuls of cold boiled codfish very fine; mix with it the same amount of boiled macaroni; add salt and pepper to season and half a cupful of grated cheese; put into a buttered dish with a few bits of butter and sprinkle over grated cheese; brown in the oven.

Sour Cream Dressing.—Mix one teaspoon of mustard and a pinch of salt; add three tablespoonfuls of vinegar and stir until smooth; beat one egg; add the vinegar, stirring constantly; then add one tablespoon of butter; stand the bowl in a pan of boiling water; stir and cook until creamy; remove and stand in a cool place; add three tablespoonfuls of sour cream; if the cream is very rich omit the butter

Salmon Cakes.—One can of salmon flaked fine, one cup of milk, one egg, pepper and salt to season; add bread crumbs to thicken; form into cakes and fry in butter.

Baked Corn.—To one cup of chopped corn add two eggs slightly beaten, one teaspoon of salt, a little pepper, two tablespoonfuls of melted butter and one pint of hot milk; turn into a buttered pudding dish and bake in a slow oven until firm.

Cheese Custards.—Grate three ounces of cheese; beat three level tablespoonfuls of butter to a cream; beat two eggs; mix the cheese and butter together, then add the beaten eggs and one tablespoonful of milk; beat all thoroughly; turn into a buttered dish and bake until firm in a quick oven; serve as soon as baked.

Paris has one acre of park for every fifteen persons; Liverpool, England, one for every thousand.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., PA

There are 175 parts to a watch, and the first things a boy does when he gets one is to satisfy himself that they are all there.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

The man who is ashamed of his grandfather's trade doesn't deserve to have had a grandfather.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

Some people who are weighed in the balance and found wanting will argue that the machine is out of order.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES are fast to light and washing.

It's a good thing to know when to grasp an opportunity; also when to let go.

In England the annual consumption of southern fruit amounts to fifteen pounds a head. In Germany it averages not quite three pounds a head

The Rivera memorial to the late Queen Victoria is to take the form of a cottage hospital at Nice.

Beware of Ointments For Catarrh That Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists; price, 75c. per bottle.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Hundreds of Indian laborers are being recruited for service in the Koffyfontein diamond mines near Kimberley.

Edward Halley introduced mercury as the liquid for use in thermometers in 1680.

Half-Sick

"I first used Ayer's Sarsaparilla in the fall of 1848. Since then I have taken it every spring as a blood-purifying and nerve-strengthening medicine."
S. T. Jones, Wichita, Kans.

If you feel run down, are easily tired, if your nerves are weak and your blood is thin, then begin to take the good old standard family medicine, Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

It's a regular nerve lifter, a perfect blood builder. $1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Ask your doctor what he thinks of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. He knows all about this grand old family medicine. Follow his advice and we will be satisfied.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sour Stomach

"I used Cascarets and feel like a new man. I have been a sufferer from dyspepsia and sour stomach for the last two years. I have been taking medicine and other drugs, but could find no relief only for a short time. I will recommend Cascarets to my friends as the only thing for indigestion and sour stomach and to keep the bowels in good condition. They are very nice to eat."
Harry Stuckley, Mauch Chunk, Pa.

Best For The Bowels
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.
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"Not a poisonous, drastic cathartic," but an *agreeable, effervescent stomach cleanser*. It acts gently on the liver and kidneys and keeps the bowels in healthy action, thus promoting *good complexions, clear brains* and *healthy bodies*. Used by American Physicians for 58 years.

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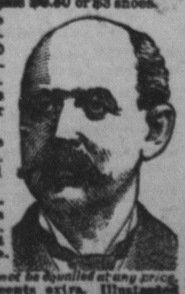
$3.50 & $3 SHOES UNION MADE.
You can save from $2 to $5 yearly by wearing W. L. Douglas $3.50 or $3 shoes.



They equal those that have been costing you from $4.00 to $5.00. The immense sale of W. L. Douglas shoes proves their superiority over all other makes.
Sold by retail shoe dealers everywhere. Look for name and price on bottom.
That Douglas uses Corona Colt proves there is value in Douglas shoes. Corona is the highest grade Pat. Leather made. Fast Color Eyelets used. Our $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price. Shoes by mail, 25 cents extra. Illustrated Catalog free. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

SUFFERED FOR FIFTEEN YEARS.
Completely Restored to Health.

Mrs. P. Brunzel, wife of P. Brunzel, stock dealer, residence 3111 Grand Ave., Everett, Wash., says: "For fifteen years I suffered with terrible pain in my back. I experimented with doctors and medicines, but got little if any relief. I actually believe the aching in my back and through the groin became worse. I did not know what it was to enjoy a night's rest and arose in the morning feeling tired and unrefreshed. My suffering sometimes was simply indescribable. Finally, I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised and got a box. After a few doses I told my husband that I was feeling much better and that the pills were doing me good. When I finished that box I felt like a different woman. I didn't stop at that, though. I continued the treatment until I had taken five boxes. There was no recurrence until a week ago, when I began to feel miserable again. I bought another box and three days' treatment restored me to health. Doan's Kidney Pills act very effectively, very promptly, relieve the aching pains and all other annoying difficulties. I have recommended them to many people and will do so when opportunities present themselves."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mrs. Brunzel will be mailed to any part of the United States on application. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents per box.

Why He Didn't Call.

Henry Taylor Gray of Bradstreet's has just come back from a trip around the world. On the return voyage he fell into conversation with a purse-proud New Yorker who had made the same trip.

"I suppose you visited the Pyrenees?" said Mr. Gray in the course of the talk.

"No," bluffed the other. "They wanted us to spend a week with them, but they got measles in the family at the last moment and had to recall the invitation."—New York Evening World.

No Chance for Argument.

"I can't see what you find in me to admire," said the lovelorn youth. "That's just what everybody else says."—Chicago Daily News.

Miss Gannon, Sec'y Detroit Amateur Art Association, tells young women what to do to avoid pain and suffering caused by female troubles.

"I can conscientiously recommend **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** to those of my sisters suffering with female weakness and the troubles which so often befall women. I suffered for months with general weakness and felt so weary that I had hard work to keep up. I had shooting pains and was utterly miserable. In my distress I was advised to use **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, and it was a red letter day to me when I took the first dose, for at that time my restoration began. In six weeks I was a changed woman, perfectly well in every respect. I felt so elated and happy that I want all women who suffer to get well as I did."—Miss GUILA GANNON, 359 Jones St., Detroit, Corresponding Sec'y Mich. Amateur Art Association.—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

It is clearly shown in this young lady's letter that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will surely cure the sufferings of women; and when one considers that Miss Gannon's letter is only one of hundreds which we have, the great virtue of Mrs. Pinkham's medicine must be admitted by all.

Ripans Tabules are the best dyspepsia medicine ever made. A hundred millions of them have been sold in the United States in a single year. Every illness arising from a disordered stomach is relieved or cured by their use. So common is it that diseases originate from the stomach it may be safely asserted there is no condition of ill health that will not be benefited or cured by the occasional use of Ripans Tabules. Physicians know them and speak highly of them. All druggists sell them. The five-cent package is enough for an ordinary occasion, and the Family Bottle, sixty cents, contains a household supply for a year. One generally gives relief within twenty minutes.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

THE KEYSTONE STATE

Latest News of Pennsylvania Told in Short Order.

The Governor has appointed these delegates to the Farmers' National Congress, to be held at Niagara Falls, September 22: Hon. Levi Morrison, Greenville; M. K. Laird, Livermore; William B. Powell, Shadeland; S. P. Heilmer, Heilmerdale; A. L. Martin, Eron Valley; S. F. Barber, Harrisburg; Stephen D. Yost, Conyngham; M. N. Clark, Claridge; Hiram Peoples, New Providence; T. E. Orr, Pittsburg; R. H. Thomas, Mechanicsburg; Hon. John Hamilton, State College; M. E. Conrad, West Grove; Gabriel Heister, Harrisburg; W. F. Hill, Westford; T. C. Milliken, Cornprohts; Mills; David W. Cooper, Sunbury; Thomas T. Phillips, Atglen; S. Harvey Rutherford, Paxtang; Julius La Moyne, Washington; W. W. Britton, Upper Stroudsburg; Hon. W. H. Brosius, Lancaster; Hon. Nelson H. Thompson, Flora; T. A. Moorehead, Moorheadville; John Sharpless, London Grove; Col. J. M. Woodward, State College; R. J. Weld, Sugar Grove; Hon. William P. Coryell, Kennelworth; Hon. W. T. Creasy, Catawissa; Hon. Thomas V. Cooper, Media; Hon Thomas W. Montgomery, Huntingdon; Hon. Thomas K. Beaver, Academia; Hon. W. E. Champaign, Wellsboro; L. C. Baker, Columbus; Hon John D. Brennan, Pleasant Mountain; Hon. Charles Quail, Auburn; Hon. B. B. Mitchell, Troy; Hon. N. D. Critchfield, Critchfield; Homer C. Crawford, Cooperstown; Hon. James McAnles Wampum; Hon. George Tiffany, Gibson; Hon. Jeremiah Roth, Allentown; Hon. J. C. Sibley, Franklin; Maurice Joyce, Pottsville; James W. Hurst, Camptown; G. G. Hutchinson, Warriors Mark; L. S. Gundy, Lewisburg; W. P. Reynolds, Oxford.

The Governor has appointed James C. Stoughton Register and Recorder of Clinton County, vice William A. Caldwell, deceased.

The Pennsylvania Commission to the St. Louis Exposition has made application to the Department of Fisheries for an exhibit at the big show, and Commissioner Meehan will prepare something that the State can be proud of. He particularly desires to make a good showing of stuffed specimens of very large fish caught in Pennsylvania waters, and any person in the State possessing fine specimens, and willing to have them placed on exhibition may assist by notifying Commissioner Meehan and all express charges will be paid, with the other expenses. The weight of specimens submitted must be at least as follows: Black bass, 4½ pounds; lake trout, 15 pounds; shad, 3 pounds; salmon or wall-eyed pike, 5 pounds; large-mouthed bass, 7 pounds; pickerel, 6 pounds; muskallonge or pike, 20 pounds. A large display of live fish will be taken from the hatcheries and arranged in aquariums at the Exposition, and there will also be an exhibit of devices for taking fish.

The third section of the Barnum & Bailey circus train, composed almost entirely of sleeping cars for the performers, was wrecked at Wildwood, on the Pittsburg & Western R. R., and a serious accident was narrowly averted. As this section of the train was passing on the northbound track a freight train on the southbound track got beyond control of the crew and came dashing down the grade. Just as the last of the sleepers was almost clear the runaway train jumped the track and one car crashed into the rear sleeper, sideswitching it and damaging the car badly. The car had about forty persons on board and they were rudely awakened from their sleep. Both tracks were blocked for hours and the circus train went through, leaving the one car behind. The performers who were in the injured car were furnished with another train and were taken on to join the rest of the circus.

Stuart H. Simpson, a prominent oilman of Oil City, brought suit against the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for $100,000, on account of injuries sustained in a wreck in the yards, on March 10 last. Simpson states in his claim that as a result of injuries to his back, and impaired vision, he is unable to attend to his business. Edward J. Quigley, inspector for the Pure Oil Company, of Philadelphia, who was also a passenger on the same train recently filed a claim for $100,000 damages in the Butler County courts.

John W. Schofield, who has been the acting receiver of the National Bank at Doylestown since it closed its doors, made a formal transfer of the accounts of the institution to Robert Lyons, who has been named by the department as permanent receiver. It is expected that a report of the bank's condition will be made to the stockholders in a few days.

Typhoid fever is epidemic at Lansdale. At present there are about a dozen cases of a more or less serious nature. The disease broke out about two weeks ago and has been on the increase. The authorities are at a loss to know its origin. It is thought by some that the milk supply may be contaminated.

In the search for persons who catch bass smaller than the law permits, fish wardens have stopped many fishermen in Birdsboro and vicinity to measure the bass that were caught. A Birdsboro fisherman who was annoyed in this manner now cuts off the tails of all bass as soon as he catches them, making it impossible afterward to ascertain the length of the fish.

James E. McElwee, of Williamsport, a brakeman on the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad, was struck on the head with a lump of soft coal, thrown by some one from a car, near Danville. His skull was fractured and he died shortly after being taken to the hospital.

Forty persons are ill as the result of eating provisions purchased at Rochester. Five members of Miss Lillie Renos Sunday school class were made sick after eating cake at a picnic. All but three members of another class became ill. Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Maston and three sons and Mr. and Mrs. J. Dowell and their daughter, who went to a picnic, carrying a lunch from Rochester, were also taken sick after eating. Boarders at three restaurants are also ill. The exact cause is not known.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

General Trade Conditions.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s "Weekly Review of Trade" says:

Business is well maintained, aside from the quieting influence of the vacation season, which somewhat restricts trade and retards collections. Making due allowance for the period, there is no cause for complaint. The adverse factors that have been operating against prosperity in recent preceding weeks are no longer as potent, normal influences gradually prevailing. Labor controversies still exist, curtailing the output of a few products and the consumption of all the necessaries of life. Crops are not going to market as freely as usual, although the agricultural outlook is distinctly favorable.

Somewhat easier prices for the great food staples testify to brighter crop prospects.

Failures during this week numbered 238 in the United States against 207 last year and 8 in Canada, compared with 30 a year ago.

LATEST MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Flour—Spring clear, $3.55@3.70; best Patent $4.90; choice Family $4.15.

Wheat—New York No. 2, 85⅞c; Philadelphia No. 2, 82¼c; Baltimore No. 2, 81½c.

Corn—New York, No. 2, 59½c; Philadelphia No. 2, 57¼@57½c; Baltimore No. 2, 57¼c.

Oats—New York No. 2, 42c; Philadelphia No. 2, 41c; Baltimore No. 2 40½c.

Hay—We quote: No. 1 timothy large bales, $19.00@19.50; No. 2 timothy $16.50@17.50; No. 3 timothy $13.00@15.00.

Green Fruits and Vegetables.—Apples—Maryland and Virginia, per brl, fancy 80c@$1.00; do, fair to good, 60@75c. Beets—Native, per bunch 1½@2c. Cabbage—Native, per 100, Wakefield, $2.00@2.50; do, Flat Dutch, $2.50@4.50. Cantaloupes—Anne Arundel Gems, per basket, 15@30c; do Eastern Shore, Maryland, per crate, 25@50c. Celery—New York State, per dozen 30@40c. Carrots—Native, per bunch 1@1½c. Corn—Native, per dozen, field 10@12c; do, per dozen, sugar, 12@15c. Cucumbers—Anne Arundel, per basket 40@50c. Damsons—Maryland and Virginia,, per full barrel $5.00@5.50. Egg plants—Native, per basket 50@60c. Huckleberries—Eastern Shore, Maryland and Virginia, per quart 6½@7c. Lettuce—Native, per bushel box 40@50c. Lima beans—Native, per bushel box $1.40@1.45. Onions—Rappahannock, per half barrel basket 60@65c; do, per brl $1.25@1.50; do, Maryland and Pennsylvania, yellow, per bu 50@55c. Pears—Eastern Shore, Bartlett, per basket 60@80c; do, per box $1.00@1.10; Maryland and Virginia common, per basket 25@50. Pineapples—Florida, per crate, as to size, $2.25@3.25. Squash—Anne Arundel, per basket 25@30c. String beans—Anne Arundel, per bu, green, 60@65c. Tomatoes—Potomac, per 2-basket carrier, 30@50c; do, per 6-basket carrier 25@30c; do, per carrier, cultivated, 10@20c; do, per ½-basket 20@22½; do, Anne Arundel, per basket 30@40c. Watermelons—North Carolina, selects, per 100 $15.00@18.00; do, primes, per 100 $8.00@12.00; do, culls, per 100 $5.00@6.00.

Potatoes.—White—New, Eastern Shore, Virginia, per brl, No. 1, $1.40@1.60; do, seconds, $1.00@1.25; do, Rappahannock, per brl $1.40@1.60; do, seconds, 75c@$1.00; do, culls, 50@75c; do, Eastern Shore, Maryland, per brl, No. 1, $1.50@1.65; do, seconds, $1.00@1.25; do, native, per bushel box 55@60c. Sweets—Yellows, Maryland and Virginia, per brl $3.00@3.25; do, North Carolina, per brl $3.00@3.25. Yams—New, Virginia, per brl $2.25@2.50; do, Potomac, Maryland, per brl $2.50@2.75.

Live Poultry.—Chickens—Hens, heavy to medium, —@12c; do, old roosters, each 25@30c; do, young, large, 2 lbs and over, —@14c; do, young, small, 1¼ to 1½ lbs, —@14; do, young, under 1¼lbs, —@13c. Ducks—Young, 3 lbs and over, —@11c; do, fancy, large, old, 10@11c; do, fancy, small, —@9; do, muscovy and mongrels, 10@11c. Guinea fowl, each 15@20c. Pigeons—Old, strong flyers, per pair 20@25c; do, young, per pair—@20.

Butter—Separator 21@22; Gathered Cream 20@21c; Imitations —@19c.

Eggs.—Choice, Maryland and Pennsylvania, loss off, per dozen, 17½c@—; Virginia, per dozen 17@17½c; do, West Virginia, loss off, per dozen 16½17; do, Southern, loss off, per dozen, 15@16c. Guinea, per dozen 8@9c. Jobbing prices ½ to 1c higher.

Cheese—Large, 60-lbs, 11@11¼c; do, 36-lbs, 11¼@11⅜; 20-lbs, 11½@11¾.

Live Stock.

Chicago.—Cattle—Good to prime steers $5.10@5.65; poor to medium $3.75@5.00; stockers and feeders $2.50@4.25; cows $1.50@4.50; heifers $2.00@4.75; canners $1.50@2.70; bulls $2.25@4.25; calves $2.50@6.75; Texas fed steers $3.00@4.40; Western steers $3.25@4.45. Hogs—Receipts today 15,000 head; estimated tomorrow 15,000. Market about steady. Mixed and butchers' $4.90@5.10; good to choice heavy $5.20@5.50; rough heavy $4.75@5.10; light $5.30@5.95; bulk of sales, $5.10@5.50. Sheep—Receipts 15,000 head. Sheep and lambs slow, steady. Good to choice wethers $3.00@3.60; fair to choice mixed $2.25@3.00; native lambs $3.25@5.60.

East Liberty.—Cattle steady; choice $5.20@5.50; prime $5.00@5.20; good $4.90@5.10. Hogs steady; prime heavies $5.65@5.70; mediums $6.00@6.15; heavy Yorkers $6.10@6.15; light Yorkers and pigs $6.15@6.20; roughs $4.00@5.10. Sheep slow; best wethers $3.80@4.00; culls and common $1.50@2.00; veal calves $7.00@7.50.

INDUSTRIAL AND SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

The Southern States have 27,000 saloons, while New York has 34,000.

The average annual wage of adult miners in Silesia, Germany, is $245.

Russia takes nearly half the agricultural machinery that the United States exports.

The foreign holdings of American securities are now the smallest in many years.

Nineteen men in this year's class at Yale, and fully as many at Harvard and Columbia, earned all their expenses.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

Let every man among us learn to cook. Then, and not until then, will our stomach be in safe hands.

An epigrammatist says: "Every wife is the architect of her own husband." Then she shouldn't be too severe on the edifice when she botches the job.

A short time ago a Sicilian advocate was found guilty of sixty-three different acts of fraud. For his industry and enthusiasm in the cause of dishonesty he was sentenced to 189 years' imprisonment.

Russia has invested in Manchuria millions for railways, millions for a standing army to protect them and $20,000,000 in building the city of Dalney. The total is hundreds of millions.

The twentieth century will have the greatest number of leap years possible for a century—namely, 25. The year 1904 will be the first one, then every fourth year after that up to and including the year 2000. February will three times have five Sundays—in 1920, 1943 and 1976.

It has been decided by the Iowa Andrew Carnegie prophecies that "Canada and the United States shall be one nation." In point of blood, if the present immigration from this country into that keeps us, it won't be many years until the United States will predominate in the Dominio

A number of business men of San Francisco have decided to ask the city to buy the property known as Chinatown and convert it into a park. The maintenance of that quarter is declared to be a continual menace to the safety of the city. It would be difficult to imagine San Francisco without its Chinatown.

American cities are a long way behind those in Europe in the art of making streets beautiful with window gardening. Streets in this country "bloom" chiefly with enormous fences, plastered over with all sorts of advertising deformities, a privilege for which the cities defaced receives but a pittance.

The editor of The Financier says that newspaper advertising stands ahead of all other systems used to give publicity. "Whether it be a soap, a new perfume, or a hat, it is an important matter. In various instances, however, municipalities fail to comprehend the value of such advertising." He notes that where a municipality has used the newspapers to advertise a bond sale it has gained better prices by interesting a wider circle than usual.

Renewed and earnest attention is being directed in England toward a short trans-atlantic route. One of the best natural harbors in the British Isles is that of Galway, on the west coast of Ireland. Almost straight across the Atlantic is St. John, Newfoundland. The distance between these two outposts is but 1,816 miles; from Liverpool to New York it is 3,116 miles, and from Southampton 095 miles.

A Boston entomologist makes the extraordinary statement that bugs, under which generic name he includes the little creatures from the grasshopper down to the ladybug, are destroying property in this country to the amount of $250,000,000 a year. The grasshopper eats up $90,000,000 worth of vegetation, the Hessian fly $50,000,000, the chinchbug $10,000,000, the potato bug $8,000,000. Moths, ladybugs, tobacco worms, squashbugs, beetles and numerous other entomological entities consume the remainder.

The requirements of health can be counted on the fingers of one hand. They are good air, good food, suitable clothing, cleanliness and exercise and rest. The first two requirements affect the blood, and as the blood circulates all over the body, including the brain, every part is affected. Fresh air affects the purity of the blood. The freshest air is out of doors, and it is the duty of every one to spend a certain amount of time in the open air. Good foods is not necessarily expensive food. Exercise and rest should alternate and balance each other. It is quite possible to take too much exercise, and this side of the question must be guarded against as carefully as the other.

He or she who enters a house for the first time is supposed in the Balkan countries to bring it good or bad luck for the whole twelve month. This belief gives rise to a curious observance. The visitor before crossing the threshold picks up a stone (token of strength) or a green twig (emblem of health and fruitfulness) and lays it on the hearth. He also brings with him some grains of salt, which he casts into the flames, and then, squatting by the fireside, wishes his hosts "a prosperous year, a plentiful crop and many blessings." Then as the grains of salt burst and crackle in the fire he utters the following quaint formula: "As I am sitting even so may all the hens and warm the eggs. As this salt splits even so may split the eggs of the clucking hen and the chickens come forth."

CATARRH DESTROYS THE KIDNEYS

Was Miserable---Could Not Stand Up or Walk---Pe-ru-na Cured.

Many Persons Have Catarrh and Don't Know It.

JAMES M. POWELL.

Mr. James M. Powell, 628 Troost street, Kansas City, Mo., Vice Grand of I. O. O. F., of Cherryville, Kan., writes:

"About four years ago I suffered with a severe catarrh of the bladder, which caused continued irritation and pain. I was miserable and could not stand up or walk for any length of time without extreme weariness and pain. I began taking Peruna and it greatly relieved me, and in eleven weeks I was completely cured and felt like a new man."—James M. Powell.

Hundreds of Dollars Spent in Vain.

Mr. Cyrus Hershman, Sheridan, Ind., writes:

"Two years ago I was a sick man. Catarrh had settled in the pelvic organs, making life a burden and giving me little hope of recovery. I spent hundreds of dollars in medicine which did me no good. I was persuaded by a friend to try Peruna. I took it two weeks without much improvement, but I kept on with it and soon began to get well and strong very fast. Within two months I was cured, and have been well ever since. I am a strong advocate of Peruna."—C. Hershman.

Peruna cures catarrh of the kidneys, liver and other pelvic organs, simply because it cures catarrh wherever located. No other systemic catarrh remedy has as yet been devised. Insist upon having Peruna. There are no medicines that can be substituted.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

WINCHESTER

"NEW RIVAL"

Loaded Black Powder Shells shoot stronger and reload better than any other black powder shells on the market, because they are loaded more carefully and made more scientifically. Try them. They are

THE HUNTER'S FAVORITE

Cross?

Poor man! He can't help it. He gets bilious. He needs a good liver pill—Ayer's Pills. They act directly on the liver, cure biliousness.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE

EVERY SHOOTER WHO SHOOTS U.M.C. AMMUNITION

has a feeling of confidence in his cartridges. They don't misfire and always shoot where you aim.

Tell your dealer U. M. C. when he asks "What kind?"

Send for catalog.

The Union Metallic Cartridge Co.
Bridgeport, Conn.

The University of Notre Dame
NOTRE DAME, INDIANA.

FULL COURSES IN Classics, Letters, Economics and History, Journalism, Art, Science, Pharmacy, Law, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Architecture. Thorough Preparatory and Commercial Courses.

Rooms Free to all students who have completed the studies required for admission into the Sophomore, Junior or Senior Year of any of the Collegiate Courses.

Rooms to Rent, moderate charge to students over seventeen not preparing for Collegiate Courses.

A limited number of Candidates for the Ecclesiastical state will be received at special rates.

St. Edward's Hall, for boys under 13 years, is unique in the completeness of its equipment.

The Sixty-First Year will open September 8, 1903. Catalogues Free. Address

REV. A. MORRISSEY, C. S. C., President, Box 265.

NO MORE . . .
CURLS IN YOUR HAIR

Carpenter's OX MARROW POMADE
(RENEWAL OF IMPRESSIONS.)

PRICE, 25 CENTS,
At the Drug Store, or mailed on receipt of 25 cents in stamps.
Address, CARPENTER & CO., Louisville, Ky.

ASTHMA

TAYLOR'S ASTHMA REMEDY will cure any case of Asthma by persistent use. Regular size box, by mail, 35c.; three for $1.00.
T. Taylor & Co., Green Cove Springs, Fla.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

FELS-NAPTHA WASHING COMPOUND
TWENTIETH CENTURY DISCOVERY
AND MORE BACK BREAKING WASH DAYS.
THE GREAT TIME AND LABOR SAVER WILL WASH THE COARSEST & FINEST FABRICS WITHOUT INJURY TO THE GOODS. NO WASHBOARD USED. A CHILD 15 YEARS OLD CAN DO THE FAMILY WASHING AT ONE FOURTH OF THE ORDINARY TIME & COST. A TRIAL IS ALL WE ASK. IF YOUR GROCER DOES NOT HANDLE IT SEND 6 cts. FOR 1 BAR OR 50 cts. FOR A DOZ. YOU WILL FIND IT IS ALL WE CLAIM FOR IT. COST NOT OVER 1½ CTS. PER HEAD FOR EACH IN FAMILY.
THE ATLANTIC M'F'G. COMPANY.
BALTIMORE, MD.

Everybody's Shoes Are Here . . . .

Every kind of Boot and Shoe for everybody—men, women, children and the babies, and for every business, every dress and every sport and pastime use. Whether you walk or ride play golf or ball, whether you fish or hunt, dance or go a-bicycling, or whether you like to be dressed up and keep so, we have Shoes for all these uses and for all these purposes.

Our Boots and Shoes are the very best, and our prices the very least.

Agent for W. L. Douglas' $3.00 and $3.50 Shoe for Men, and Queen Quality the famous $3.00 Shoe for Women.

If you want correct Footwear, come to headquarters for it.

Mingle's Shoe Store,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Meth dist—Centre Hall, morning; Sprucetown, afternoon; Spring Mills, evening.

Evangelical—No services.

Lutheran—Georges Valley, morning; Union, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, morning; Spring Mills, afternoon.

Reformed—Tusseyville, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon. Services conducted by Rev. S. H. Deitzell, of Maytown.

Choice Timothy Seed.

Foreman & Smith offer for sale choice Western recleaned timothy seed, the best in the market.

"'04."

'04 is what should appear on the label of the Reporter. If there is not a four on your label now, you can have one placed there shortly, as the subscription list will be corrected in a week or two. Think it over.

Turkey Dinner.

D. C. Keller will serve a turkey dinner on Grange Park Sunday 13th inst., from 12 to 2 o'clock. This is an old custom of the Keller boarding house, and those who sat down to this feast on former occasions will be ready to do so again when the time comes.

A Joint Encampment.

State officials seem to take kindly to the suggestion that a joint encampment of Ohio and Pennsylvania troops be held at Gettysburg next year. The matter was started in Ohio and endorsed in Pittsburg. It will be considered by Adjutant General Stewart.

Reduced Rates to Altoona.

From September 9 to 12, inclusive, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell, from all stations in Pennsylvania, special reduced rate, round-trip tickets to Altoona, good to return until September 13, on account of the meeting of the Society of American Veterans of the Philippine and China Wars, to be held at Altoona, Septemtember 10 to 12.

Reduced Rates To Bellefonte.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company on account of the meeting of the Susquehanna District Association, Knights of the Golden Eagle, on September 7, at Bellefonte, Pa., will sell special reduced rate tickets, good on this day only, from Clearfield, Emporium, Elmira, Mt. Carmel, East Bloomsburg, and all intermediate points, to Bellefonte and return.

Fertilizer, Fertilizer.

We will have on hand during the season, a quantity of the Pollock Fertilizer Company's fertilizer. You cannot go wrong in buying these fertilizers, and you will not go wrong, because the very first essential to successful farming is the production of good crops, and in order to produce the satisfactory crop the proper quality and quantity of fertilizer must be used. We can give you what you need in this line, and it will not take very much of your coin, either.

FOREMAN & SMITH.

Different Results.

An exchange says it is more fun to see a man read a puff of himself in a newspaper than to see a fat man slip on a banana peal. The narrow minded man reads it over seven or eight times and then goes around and appropriates what copies he can. The kind-hearted man goes home and reads it to his wife and then goes to the office and pays up what he owes. The successful business man who advertises regularly and makes money by it, immediately starts out to find the editor, and the two walk silently and thoughtfully down the street together, and the business man takes a little sugar in his'n and then both eat a clove or two, and life is sweeter, peace settling down on their hearts for the moment. Such is the experience of mustard seeds that fall on different soil.

ODD FELLOWS ORGANIZE.

At Their First Annual Reunion at Hunter's Park.

The first annual reunion of the Odd Fellows of Centre county, which was held at Hunter's Park on Thursday, August 27, was quite largely attended, the railroad facilities being taxed quite heavily, and every one reported having had an excellent time. Eight lodges were represented at the reunion as follows: Philipsburg, Bald Eagle, Centre, Boalsburg, Pine Grove Mills, Lemont, State College, Stormstown, and Milesburg.

An organization was formed as follows: President, Dr. E. C. Kidder, Boalsburg; vice president, H. B. Pontius, Bellefonte; treasurer, Dr. W. S. Harter, State College; secretary, E. K. Smith, Oak Hall.

A member of each lodge was appointed on the executive committee, which is subject to the call of the president and which will select the place for holding the next annual reunion and the time, which is to be not later than the middle of next June. All other lodges in Centre county are given the privilege of joining.

During the day speeches were made by Dr. Kidder, W. P. Kuhn, E. K. Smith, Sol. Schmidt, Ray Morgan, H. B. Pontius and Capt. W. H. Fry.

It Rained 2.94 Inches.

Rain set in Thursday noon of last week, and there was almost constant fall until Friday night and Saturday morning. By Saturday noon two and ninety-four hundredth inches of rain had fallen, the heaviest fall within that specific time for some months.

Deaths in Nearby Counties.

Mifflin—In Granville, Mrs. John Cherry, aged sixty-two years. Mrs. Elizabeth Sellers, in Lewistown, aged eighty-two years.

Snyder—Daniel Bolander, of Middleburg, ex-sheriff of Snyder county, aged seventy years.

Bidding for Good Crops.

The farmers in the vicinity of Centre Hall are bidding for good crops next season. This assertion is made on the fact that six car loads of commercial fertilizer were shipped to this station within the past two weeks. The local agents receiving the goods were Messrs. Foreman & Smith, two cars, D. W. Bradford, D. J. Meyer, Robert M. Smith and Progress Grange, one car each.

Killed Near Milesburg.

Harry H. Smith, of Pittsburg, formerly of Milesburg, was instantly killed by being struck by a train Thursday morning. The young man had come home from Pittsburg on a visit, and evidently was walking toward Bellefonte when over taken and run down by the train. The remains were gathered up by the railroad men and brought to Bellefonte. The unfortunate man was a son of the late Edward Smith, of Milesburg, was twenty-nine years of age, and was a member of the Brotherhood Locomotive Trainmen.

Burned Hornets' Nest and Stable.

J. C. Frank, of Loganton, discovered a hornets' nest located near the roof of his stable and proceeded in the usual way to destroy it by burning. He succeeded admirably in destroying the nest, but the flames quickly spread to the roof of the building and although he wildly sounded the alarm of fire and neighbors hurried to his assistance, nothing could be done to save the building and it burned to the ground. The building was situated in the central portion of the town and grave fears were entertained for a time that much more damage would be the result. The fire occurred just after the noon hour. Loss about $100.

LOCALS.

Mr. and Mrs. George Miller, of Fairview, Sunday visited the former's parents, near Linden Hall.

The Hospital Aid Society will hold its regular monthly meeting at the home of Mrs. W. F. Bradford Monday evening, next.

D. R. Sweetwood, of Potters Mills, who had been to Darragh and Burnham during the greater part of the past summer, was a caller Tuesday. He reports everything o. k. on the south side.

Miss Mary C. Fisher, who for the past nine years has lived with Iva W. Bartges, east of Centre Hall, recently started on a trip to Kansas. She will visit among friends and relatives and endeavor to view the country.

Prof. William G. Frear, of State College, is conducting an experiment with tobacco in Lancaster county that is highly gratifying. The experiment is testing Sumatra tobacco, which is being developed under a cover of cheese cloth. The stocks have attained a height of nine feet.

Ivy W. Bartges, east of Centre Hall, is making quite a success in growing fruit. He is devoting considerable attention to peaches, and reports that his peach orchard has made a fine growth this year and is in good trim, but is fruitless. His apple orchard promises a splendid crop. In order to be able to give fruit growing more attention, Mr. Bartges contemplates making public sale this fall and disposing of his farm stock.

ENCAMPMENT AND EXHIBITION.

Arrangements Perfected for the Thirtieth Annual Gathering.

The prospects for the Encampment and Exhibition at Grange Park, Centre Hall, September 12 to 18, are the most encouraging for years—many tents are already engaged.

The State College and State Agricultural Experiment Station will make a large display of the work of the College and Station, consisting of plants, cereals, vegetables, fruits, maps, charts, mechanical arts, occupying an entire building.

The Grange, and farmers generally will, from present indications, make the largest display of fruits, vegetables and agricultural products ever offered in Centre county. The building formerly used for this purpose will be much enlarged, to meet the requirements of exhibitors who have asked for more space.

The poultry exhibit is equally encouraging, as from present indications the building will be full to overflowing.

The exhibit of sheep and swine will exceed that of former years; one exhibitor alone has engaged stalls for forty head.

The exhibit of cattle is equally encouraging.

Two-thirds of the other buildings are already engaged for exhibition purposes, including space for implements, buggies, cream separators, harrows, plows, cultivators, etc.

Among the speakers will be Hon. Mortimer Whitehead, of New Jersey; Hon. N. C. Critchfield, secretary of agriculture; Dr. B. H. Warren, secretary and food commissioner; Hon. W. T. Creasy, of Columbia county; Prof. Surface, economic zoologist; Miss Emma Brewer, of Chester county, and officers of the state grange.

HARVEST HOME SERVICES.

On Sunday the 13th, the anniversary sermon will be preached by Dr. W. H. Schuyler, of the Presbyterian church, Centre Hall. This is a fit beginning of the farmers great annual festival, and deserves the commendation of all Christians and well-to-do people, for if any class has a right to hold anniversary thanksgiving Harvest Home services, it is those who till the soil and feed the world. Therefore, all classes join with them in thanksgiving.

YOUNG PEOPLES MEETINGS.

The young people will conduct all the evening entertainments, and they will be of a highly refined and entertaining character, as some of the ablest talent of Centre Hall and vicinity has been engaged for these entertainments, which will be different every night, excepting when repetition is requested. 5 and 10 cents admission will be charged to these entertainments to reimburse the young people for the expenditure in preparing for these entertainments excepting that of Saturday evening, at the opening, on the 12th, which will be free to the public. Every one should patronize these entertainments and encourage these young people in their laudable literary efforts. It will be a credit, not only to the young people but also to the community.

RAILROAD TRAINS

Four regular and several special trains will transport the people to and from the Park daily, which will be fully announced next week.

Nothing will be left undone to make your stay pleasant. A tent for every Grange in the county and enough additional tents for all who desire to camp.

All want to attend this great farmers' outing.

Snyder Should Win.

W. A. Snyder, the Democratic candidate for register and recorder of Clinton county, should win; he will win. Mr. Snyder is an ex-county superintendent of public schools, and is thoroughly equipped for the position he seeks. Besides this, if Clinton county has a gentleman, it is William A. Snyder, of Lamar township.

Rev. Daniel Gress Married.

The marriage of Rev. Daniel Gress, pastor of the Reformed church in this place, and Miss Emma Black, of Adamsburg, Westmoreland county, took place in the Reformed church at that place Wednesday, the ceremony being performed by Rev. McCullen. Rev. Gress and his bride will return to Centre Hall about the middle of next week.

New Farm House.

Jacob Musser, of near Penns Cave, is about ready to move into one of the finest and most convenient farm houses in that section. The new structure is frame, and was built by the Hagen Brothers; plastered by D. H. Shlagle, of Spring Mills; the flues were constructed by Al. Osman, and Mr. Kerrin, of Sober, did the painting.

The house is quite large and presents a fine appearance. The Musser farm is the old Tibbins homestead, the home of Mrs. Musser's parents. Mr. Musser is also having his large barn remodeled, and will add to it an extensive manure shed.

Mr. Musser and his wife expect to take a trip west in the near future. When the gentleman makes this contemplated trip, it will be his first ride behind the iron horse.

DEATHS.

MRS. CAROLINE ELIZABETH RHONE.

The death of Mrs. Caroline Elizabeth Rhone took place in Los Angeles, California, Monday of last week, from the results of kidney disease.

The Watchman says of the deceased: Mrs. Rhone was one of the well known Keller family of Boalsburg. She was a daughter of Henry and Margaret Schneck Keller and was about seventy years of age. She was united in marriage to Dr. John W. Rhone in 1856 and for many years made her home in this place. Dr. Rhone died on May 15th, 1894, and soon after that Mrs. Rhone and her two children, Miss Ella and Dr. Charles Rhone, went to California in quest of a more congenial climate. They located at Los Angeles and there Dr. Charles Rhone practiced dentistry until he was obliged on account of ill health to give up office work and go onto a ranch. At present he is in Arizona but Mrs. Rhone and her daughter continued to make their home at Los Angeles. Mrs. Rhone was a sister of the late Daniel S. Keller of this place and of her father's family she is survived by her three sisters, Mrs. Sophia Hall, of Wilmington, Del., and Misses Clara and Sallie, of Boalsburg, and one brother, Judge Frank B. Keller, of Bramwell, W. Va.

WILLIAM P. FISHER.

William P. Fisher, one of the best known citizens in the vicinity of Unionville, died Wednesday morning of last week, aged eighty-five years. In 1848 the deceased settled in Union township, and lived there ever since. He is survived by the following children: Mrs. Mary Holmes, of Baltimore; Mrs. Lucretia Way, of Stormstown; Jennie and Elwood, at home; former county commissioner Thomas W. Fisher, of Unionville; Wm Jr., an attorney in New York city, and Mrs. Cora McMinn, of DuBois.

MRS. B. F. FRANKENBERGER.

Mrs. Frankenberger, wife of B. F. Frankenberger, of near Millheim, died recently at the age of thirty-six years. She is survived by her husband and parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Duck, also of Millheim. Interment took place Tuesday of last week.

Reduced Rates to Centre Hall.

To accommodate visitors to the encampment and exhibition of the Patrons of Husbandry, to be held at Centre Hall, Pa., September 12 to 18, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell round-trip tickets from all stations in Pennsylvania to Centre Hall, Pa, at special reduced rates.

These tickets will be on sale and good from September 11 to 18, inclusive, and good for return passage until September 19.

Fisher Mill Sold.

The Fisher Mill property, comprised of flouring mill, house, store building, bank barn and about thirty-two acres of land, at Farmers Mills, was sold Saturday to Samuel Fredericks for $5010. Possession will be given April 1st, at which time Mr. Fredericks will conduct the mill.

The late Msjor Fisher paid over $11,000 for the property, and spent not less than eight or ten th usand dollars for repairs.

LOCALS.

Speaker Gast, one of the leading merchants of Mifflinburg, is seriously ill.

J. C. Diehl, a graduate of Gettysburg, has been elected principal of the Ferguson township high school. Harry Walker was elected to the Oak Grove school. Pine Hall is yet to be supplied.

Mr. and Mrs. Elyard G. DeArmitt, of Mingoville, visited in Centre Hall last week. Mr. DeArmitt is an employe of McNitt Bros. & Co., and is one of the men who helps to keep the mill stocked with timber.

In the Review of Reviews for September, a character sketch of the new Pope, Pius X, is contributed by Mr. W. T. Stead, while Dr. Talcott Williams writes suggestively on the growing democracy of the Papacy, as illustrated in the last Conclave.

Carpenter Aaron Thomas expects to have the frame work of the Arthur E. Kerlin house ready to be cased with brick within the next ten days. The casing will be done by Al. Osman who within the past few years built the William Colyer house, near Old Fort; the James Runkle house, near Tusseyville; the George Miller house, near Linden Hall, and the Samuel Durst house, near Centre Hall, which is sufficient to establish his reputation as a brick-layer.

A Pine Grove Mills correspondent writes: Dr. Marion Schadman, of Lancaster, is being entertained at the home of his cousin Hon. J. W. Kepler. He laid the foundation of his education in the old Pine Grove Academy. Today he has a lucrative practice in the garden city, where he is one of the bond holders. He also has large money interests in the bituminous coal regions. He and his family are spending their outing at Cresson for a month and the Doctor took a side trip to see his old chums who gave him a royal welcome. He is a sample of what the Pine Grove Academy can do in the way of turning out bright young men who are in demand everywhere and all the time.

THE STAR STORE.

ESTABLISHED 1889.

GEO. O. BENNER - - - PROPRIETOR.

Keep Looking this Way.

It will be to your interest to keep your eyes on the "Star Store." We do not mean to say that you have not, but will say more, we thank you very kindly for the generous patronage you have shown us during the past few years. We appreciate your trade and will spare no efforts to make it pay you for a continuance of the same. It has taken us some years to place ourselves in a position to save you money on your purchases. We are there today. It is explained in the old story. You will not find a store in the county, situated as The Star, so far as being in a position to handle goods with little expense. Why, a man with one eye can see the point. Did you ever stop to think? It is not a hard problem. After you have the net cost, add rent, drayage, etc., (these we do not have.) You don't pay rent or drayage when you buy goods of the Star Store.

We wish to call your attention this week to a few specialties.

1st. Lot bed blankets and outings. These goods were bought two months ago and are now on the counter. They were all bought less than market price today. They go at a little above cost. Don't fail to see them.

2nd. Elastic Carbon paint. This paint is used for repairing leaky roofs. Does your roof leak? Call and get particulars.

3rd. Linseed Oil. This oil is pure and was bought when the market was the lowest. Guaranteed to give satisfaction.

4th. Chain and bucket pumps. We can give you them complete or any parts thereof.

5th. The washing machine we offer at $2.92 is way below any price. See it!

6th. Clothes wringer. This particular wringer, "Rival," is a hummer at $1.75 and guaranteed.

7th. Car salt. About the 1st of Sept. we will get car salt. It will be sold way below regular. If you have not already bought, keep your eye on this car.

THE STAR.

Our terms—Cash to everybody.

The Centre Hall Bargain Store

We will quote you a few special prices on staple articles that will warrant your attention—

MEN'S and BOYS' DRESS SHIRTS.

These goods will be offered at greatly reduced prices; the goods are up to date.

Rag Carpets

If you are in need of Good Rag Carpets, with wool stripes, come and see the extra good bargain we can give you.

There are many lines of goods that we are offering at cut prices, in order to make room for fall stock. Call to see us and inspect our goods and the lines that have been placed on the sacrifice block.

Centre Hall, Pa. J. F. SMITH.

New Cash Store.

WHERE DOLLARS DO DOUBLE DUTY . . . . .

Men's Muslin Drawers	worth	35c,	now	24c
Men's Gauze Shirts and Drawers, each	"	30	"	22
Men's Gauze Shirts and Drawers, each	"	50	"	40
Gauze Button Waists for Children	"	25	"	12
Gauze Body Vests for Women	"	15	"	10
White Lace Lisle Gloves for Women	"	25	"	13
Knit Skirts for Women	"	75	"	50
Summer Corsets for Women	"	50	"	40
Gauze Vests for Infants	"	10	"	5
Horse-ene, for galls, scratches, etc.	"	15	"	10
Cow-ease, to prevent flies on stock	"	1 00	"	75

Fine Lap Spreads at very low figures.
Summer and Fall Footwear, way down.
White Goods—big cuts in your favor.
Linoleum and Oil Cloth—better prices than elsewhere.
Book Bags, Dinner Bozes and all school supplies for children at lowest prices.

Fall and Winter Goods

Fall and Winter Goods of all description at the lowest possible prices. A thorough inspection by you is desired. We can please you.
We give Cash Tickets for Produce the same as for Cash.

TERMS—Strictly cash or produce.

OLD DUNCAN STAND.
SPRING MILLS, PA. B. W. RIPKA.

The Smith Preimer Typewriter Co.

PHILADELPHIA, PENN.

Keller's Business College,
Lewisburg, Pa.

Dear Mr. K. H. Keller:—

The students that you have referred to us have been so uniformly successful in passing our examination and in holding their positions which we secured for them, that we would be glad to have you refer to us as many more of your graduates as you possibly can at this time.

Since January 1st, Seven Hundred and Nineny-Seven (797) desirable stenographic and bookkeeping positions have been filled through our Employment Department. The calls received to date are over 50 per cent. greater than they were at this time last month. We are simply overwhelmed with orders for stenographers and wish all students could be made to fully realize the necessity of attending a good school and remaining until they have completed their course. There is a position for every one who will thoroughly prepare themselves for the stenographic profession.

Awaiting your reply we remain, Very respectfully yours,

THE SMITH PREIMER TYPEWRITER CO.,
B., Manager Employment Department.

The above proves at once the great demand for stenographers and bookkeepers also that our students are properly trained. Young people desiring a start in life leading to a bright future should not hesitate to enroll with the Keller Business College, Lewisburg, Pa.

Write at once for a handsome catalog.